THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 10.

Let the Constitution go to Everlasting Smash.

At the late Boston session of the American Unitarian Association, Rev. Dr. Bellows, of New York, said: "Just as far as you get a thing into a written document, you get rid of it. Take a motion and put it into a constitution, and what will the constitution do? We found that one in our late war, and we said, 'Let the Constitution go to everlasting smash—the nation is to live;' and it has lived."

This is the political history of our country, as a distinguished "Republican" divine represents it. When the party now in ascendency seized the reins of power, the Constitution "went to smash." That party now boasts of it, and in exulting strains pronounces the smash "everlasting."

Every true freeman's heart will supply the proper comment.

"Spirit" of the Atlanta Press.

NEW ERA (RAD.)

THE CONSTITUTION of this city, which is generally supposed to receive its inspiration from Captain Bryant, the new Democratic leader of the House, takes the position that the late war settled no political question. Consequently, the question of paramount allegiance was not effected by it.

[A begging of the question.]

State sovereignty, and the "right of secession" is still an open one. Primary allegiance is still due the State government.

[Radical logic that is "played out." The right of "Secession" and the Reserved Rights of the States under the Constitution of Washington, Jefferson, Madison, and Jackson, approved and supported, Radicals of the present day attempt to make people believe are synonymous expressions. The cry of "Secesh," Rebel, etc., has paid political jobbers very largely in the last ten years.

Consequently, should the State Government re-open the slave trade, recognize the right of property in man, and thus come into conflict with the Federal Government the allegiance of the citizen is due the former as against the latter!

[Intelligent readers are, perhaps, not courted by the Era. There never was a State in the Union that claimed the reserved right of the States to re-open the slave trade. The very Constitution which the Radical party has so much disregarded forbade the slave trade after a certain date. The Constitution of the Confederate States forbade the slave trade. These are notorious facts.]

Hence, another war, etc.

[The party in power here have so profited by a war that they would like a "little speck" of it in Georgia, just that Governor Bullock and his Legislature may prolong their term of service. Hence, the logical insanity of his partisans.]

GOVERNOR BARD returned to this city this morning. He desires us to inform Rev. V. A. Gaskill, the spicy paragraphist of his friend Captain Blodgett, that, being a "prudent" man, he came via Augusta and the Georgia Railroad.—*Atlanta Constitution.*

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
ATLANTA, GA., June 10, 1870.

The above appears first in your evening edition of yesterday. The short-lived Governor of Idaho has missed fire again. I hold about the same relation to the letter of "my friend Captain Blodgett" referred to by Ex-Governor Bard, as the said Bard holds to the Territory of Idaho.

I never saw said letter; said Bard never saw said Territory. I could as said "friend" have seen said letter, but it has been *cruelly* hinted that said Sam could not have seen Idaho as Governor. He did not ever stand on Flagah and take a longing look into his promised land. My friend Governor Bard is a poor scholar, or he would have known that my "friend Captain Blodgett" is a "spicy paragraphist" himself.

Dr. Governor B. must be *spilin for a* fight, or he certainly would have passed me by, at least, till the "TRUE (?) Georgian" could have been brought into line of action, as the last hope of LIBERTY and of the State. The knife of my "friend, Captain Blodgett," went deep, or the Doctor would not have hollowed so quick. Blodgett has drawn the first blood from the noble Governor, and there is great danger that he will bleed to death, and "perish by the wayside" before the "True Georgian" utters one scream in behalf of the Doctor's *"promptings of duty to Georgia."* [See the Governor's Prospectus.] Those "promptings of duty" that surrendered the chair of State for the seat of "a private citizen," must have been terrible. All honor to the man who will *thus* condescend for "the welfare and happiness of the people of Georgia."

Kings sometimes abdicate, but Governors seldom resign; never, under such noble impulses, and at such immense sacrifices, as have been made by the chief of the Idaho nation. Dr., don't waste that free ticket. If we kill you, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, you shall be decently buried, at the expense of the State, and we, the people, will inscribe on your monument, *"Here lies a dead Governor, who gave up 'a prospect of future promotion' and took his 'place as a private citizen' for 'the welfare and happiness of the people of Georgia.' Let the sweetest-scented flowers of Georgia bloom fresh over his grave forever."* Dr., your future will be eventful, unless Blodgett's knife went too deep. I am so glad you came back, Dr, that I can scarcely contain myself. Reconstruction would have failed without you. Besides, we, you and I, will have many a war-talk as to how we can smash Bullock, take the State Road out of Blodgett's hands and run it OURSELVES.

Your old friend, GASKILL.

Personal.

The King of Prussia is said to be in the last stages of dropsy.

Bismarck has invested his means so very judiciously that he is getting rich very fast.

A new county in West Tennessee is to be named after Emerson Etheridge.

It is conjectured that the Bishop-elect of New Hampshire will select Dover as his place of residence, where a new church is to be built.

The reason General O'Neil gave for not leading the Fenian advance in person was that he was engaged in making "stragetic combinations."

A hand[illegible] warn by the unfortunate Maximilian [illegible] was presented is now in possession of [illegible] Mrs. Fairing Gray, of Houston, Texas.

Four George Washingtons, [illegible] Andrew Jacksons, five Henry Clays, and two [illegible] James K. Polks reside at present in the Louisiana Penitentiary.

Disraeli says in his Lothair: "There is no real business in the Fenians. Their treason is a fairy tale, and their sedition, a child talking in its sleep."

The son of the Viceroy of Egypt has an annual allowance of three hundred thousand francs, and yet he owes more than one million in Paris since his arrival there.

The editor of the Terakt, a Turkish print, has received from the Sultan a present of £600 and the rank of Lieutenant Colonel for an enlogistic article on his majesty's late speech to the Council of State. After this who will say the press in Turkey is not "encouraged?"

Georgia News.

W. J. Delk, an old citizen of Cobb county, died on the 8th.

The health of Rome has greatly improved.

A telegraphic fire alarm and police telegraph is to be established in Augusta.

Superintendent S. K. Johnson and his wife have returned to Augusta.

Calhoun and a portion of Terrell county has suffered severely from drought since April last.

Mr. S. A. Smith, of Thomasville, has raised, this year, Norway oats 5½ feet high, and averaging 75 bushels per acre.

There are 327 cases on the civil docket of the Richmond Superior Court, which come up for trial at the next session.

The Georgia Railroad has just completed the erection of a new, substantial and handsome station-house at Bell Air.

The Chronicle and Sentinel says Mr. Merry, of Woodlawn, near Augusta, has been missing since Tuesday.

The Commencement exercises of Furlow Masonic Female College will begin on Monday next, 13th instant.

The farmers of Newton county have commenced harvesting the wheat crop. The crop was never better.

Mrs. John L. Alexander, near Marietta, was bitten by a rattlesnake last week. Whisky proved a saving antidote.

The Covington Examiner learns that Hulbert and Padgett will soon have in full operation a large trunk manufactory in the city of Atlanta.

The Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad will pass moneyless applicants over its line free of charge to the city, when recommended by the Mayor at Augusta.

The Columbus Enquirer says it is expected that railroad connections with Troy will be made by July 4th. The Council will give a festive on the occasion.

The railroad bridge over the Ocmulgee, on the Macon and Augusta Railroad, will be completed on Saturday. The road is being pushed rapidly.

Shale tinged with traces of coal has been obtained from a well in Dalton. Dalton is becoming egg-hausted from the scarcity of eggs in that market.

Councilman Noble, of Rome, while recently at the North, purchased two alarm fire bells—one to be put at the Mountain City engine house, and the other at that of the Rainbow. Their weight is about 500 pounds each.

The American brig, Alice M. Putnam, cleared at Savannah, on the 8th, with $110,000 worth of cotton for Cronstadt. The stevedore of this brig was the Hon. T. Monroe, ex-Mayor of New Orleans.

The Mayor of Columbus refuses to issue a proclamation, in accordance with the instructions of the City Council, for an election for the voters of Columbus, to ascertain whether or not the city of Columbus shall subscribe $400,000 to the Columbus and North Georgia Air-Line Railroad.

Aleck Boatright, and Joe Ganaway, 15th Amendments, had a fuss about a colored damsel, named Louisa, late Friday night, about a mile from Hawkinsville, which ended in the shooting of the latter by the former, from which he died the next day. Boatright escaped.

The Rome Daily chronicles a rumor on the streets that Dr. Angier, the State Treasurer, had been arrested by order of the committee investigating the State Road frauds, as a defaulter to a large amount, and placed in jail, and that George P. Burnett had been placed in charge of the State funds.

There is a negro woman thirty-seven years of age living on the plantation of Mr. W. H. Battle, of Baker county, who weighs 300 pounds and has twenty-five children, all living. Mr. Battle says she is remarkably healthy and is a good cook, but never cooks more than one thing at a time.

The Journal states that little Willie Newton, 6 or 7 years old, son of Mr. Silas Newton, was struck by lightning three miles west of Marietta, on the 8th, and was instantly killed. He was leaning against the chimney and the rest of the family were around the fire-place. All were shocked, but none of the others injured.

The Columbus Sun says: "The white man and negro woman from Union Springs, who were ostensibly married the other day, were brought before the Grand Jury yesterday. No true bill was found, as the laws of Georgia make such marriages absolutely void from the beginning. If they live together, they can be prosecuted for fornication. We understand the pair left for Union Springs on the 2 P. M. train."

Judge D.W. Spence has samples of bearded wheat taken from his field within the corporate limits of Covington, which yielded ninety large shocks from one acre. The stalks exhibited were all over six feet high, and the whole field averaged five feet six inches. The vicinity will hold a public meeting on Saturday, June 18th, to offer inducements to the building of a railroad from Macon, Georgia, to Knoxville, Tennessee, via Indian Springs, Conyers and Rabun Gap.

Scientific.

San Francisco has a new Microscopical Society.

Professor Mosler recommends benzine in trichiniasis.

Dr. Wills Richardson recommends ammonia as an antidote to aconite.

Oxalate of soda precipitates silver from photographic baths, in a form for easy reduction.

A new bridge-guard, for the prevention of accidents, is being tried at Kinzie street bridge, New York.

The criticism of the faulty construction of our new court-house wing is not liked by the contractors.

Stains caused by photographic chemicals should be washed off with chloride or sulphate of zinc.

Chinese bamboo and Japanese plums have been grown in California from imported roots.

M. Delsurier proposes an apparatus for concentrating the sun's rays, so as to use them directly, instead of fuel.

Illuminating gas gives a great deal more light when heated before burning, and a great deal less when cooled.

A strong chaly beate spring of great volume has been discovered in Girard, about one mile from Columbus, Georgia.

Prepared wheat, the new substitute for Graham flour, contains, like the latter, all the nourishing bone and nerve forming constituents of the grain, and is for this reason to be recommended as preferable to ordinary white flour. Its preparation must vary with individual taste.

A WONDER OF THE DEEP—A REAL MERMAID ON EXHIBITION.—A real mermaid is on free exhibition in the window of Mr. M. Marks, 668 Broadway. It is dead, and has been exceedingly well preserved. It was two feet long, and from the first side fins to the tail, it is fish, and bears a close resemblance to the rock fish, scales and all; but above the side fins, it has a small, well-developed human head, neck and breast. The black hair on its head is about [illegible] inches long; the eyes, ears and nose are [illegible] defined; the arms are about [illegible] inches long, with two joints, elbow four inches [illegible] wrist, and terminating in webbed, clawlike hands. It was sent to [illegible] Marks by his brother from Yokohoma. [illegible] Consul offered £100 for it, intending it for the British Museum, but the offer was rejected. It is now offered for sale at $1,000.—*New York Sun.*

☞ Between three and four hundred mail bags, direct from the Post-office at London, bound to the South Sea Islands, have been received at Omaha. This is the first shipment of the kind ever passed overland.

Funny Mention.

A San Francisco editor complains that when an Eastern journal wants to locate a joke without truth or moral in it, California is always selected.

Miss Honora Forty-tuer, who is very correct, was overheard at the academy to say that she thought that "Hugging the Shore" a most improper title for a picture.

Fenian General O'Neill bore down upon Canada with a martial charge, but he was sent back in a Marshal's charge.

The Hon. John Bright is said to while away the time, in his retirement, by knitting garters. It seems very strange that such a usurpation of woman's rights should be carried into effect by one of the stoutest advocates of them.

Miss Brittain delivers a lecture on the High-caste women of India. She should supplement it with one on the High-strung women of Indiana, and thus illustrate the extremes of marriage and divorce.

The first movement of the Fenians on reaching Canadian soil was to "throw out their skirmishers into a hop field," where the Hops gathered by them were of the precipitate and retrogressive kind, sometimes traced to Spanish origin.

In a speech which sounds like a six-shooter, that deadly woman, Mrs. F. H. M. Brown, of San Francisco, gives notice that "when she goes to cast her ballot, if any man insults her, she will shoot him!" Who will now dare to question woman's ability to exercise both the franchise and the franchised?

Smollett tells an anecdote of a half-crazy free-thinker of his day, who, chancing in Rome, stopped one day before a bust of Jupiter, and, bowing low, thus addressed the idol:

"Sir, if you should ever get your head above water again, I hope you will remember that I treated you politely in your adversity."

☞ A man in Iowa got so intoxicated that he could not tell whisky from bed-bug poison, and was buried at public expense.

☞ Among the last batch of Chinamen that arrived in San Francisco was one curiosity, being a horse with two tails.

☞ There are one hundred and fifty-six Turn-Vereine, or associations of Turners, in the United States, with 9,930 members

☞ Bush, the negro appointed Postmaster in Maryland, has had to decline the office because he couldn't give security in about $125.

☞ Mrs. Carmon, of New York, has obtained a divorce, with alimony to the amount of ten thousand dollars a year.

☞ The telegraph line that is to unite England with Egypt, makes gratifying progress.

☞ Kossuth is giving lessons in foreign languages in Turin, in order to make a living. He steadily refuses to accept any presents at the hands of his friends.

☞ The exports of cotton from the Madras Presidency has increased nearly sixty per cent. since 1866, owing to the opening of the railway to the cotton-growing districts.

☞ Sargent S. Prentiss, a son of the renowned orator and advocate of the same name, was the other day admitted to the bar in Louisiana. He has been engaged in mercantile pursuits for a number of years, during which time he has prepared himself for his new profession.

☞ The temperance society at Augusta, Ark., has dissolved. By the rules they were permitted to drink ale, but one of them, as he expressed it, found that beverage "banglesome to his stomach" and fell back on whisky. The other members followed his example.

☞ A new method of coloring photographs is spoken of in Berlin, by which the dauby, smeary appearance so often complained of in tinted photographs is done away with, and the colors are so put on as to seem to have been done by the same process by which the photograph itself was created.

☞ A special telegram from Jackson, Mississippi, to the Mobile Register says:

A bill was passed punishing all public officers, by fine and dismissal from office, for drunkenness. The fine for the smallfry, from constables to sheriffs, $25; others $100, members of the Legislature included. This smacks of the Connecticut blue laws.

☞ It seems that the mysterious Fenians have caused such alarm in England that orders have been issued to double the guards at the imperial dock-yards and naval stations, and that all government steamers are to keep their fires banked, etc., as precautionary measures against possible Fenian plots and revolts, in all of which the British lion cuts a ridiculous figure.

☞ Another curious case of conscience has just benefitted the directors of a bank at Brussels. In January last they received a package accompanied by a letter requesting that the former should not be opened until three months had elapsed. When opened at the proper time, the enclosure was found to contain 84,000 francs restored to the bank by a defaulter. "A good deed in a naughty world."

A REVELATION ABOUT CHEWING GUM.—The following, clipped from an exchange, will be of interest to many who cannot find sufficient employment for their masticators at the table: "Chewing gum is made at Poduck, Massachusetts, of gum arabic, rosin and fat. Any kind of fat, even that of dead dogs, is used in the manufacture, and when all the ingredients are placed in boiling kettles, a small quantity of the most nauseous liquid foam is put in to whiten the gum." When this fact is known, girls have a perfect right to chew the gum if they want to.

COTTON FACTORIES SOUTH VS. COTTON FACTORIES EAST.—The Memphis (Tenn.) Daily Sun proves that a cotton factory in that city will clear $82 75 more on every bale of cotton woven into cloth than can be realized by the mills of Lowell, Massachusetts, and that 3,000 bales in Memphis would produce a profit of $248,000 in one year, against the $30,000 of the mills of Lowell, built at nearly the same cost. The New England manufacturer pays $16 to get a bale to his mill, and goes entirely the profit of the oil from the cotton seed—$80 per bale—all of which, with the advantage of labor at lower rates, enters the gain of the home manufacturer.—*Exchange.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Major Perry Fuller has given bond before Judge Wylie of this city in the sum of $50,000 to answer certain custom House charges against him in New Orleans. Fuller's bondsmen are Senators Ross, of Kansas, and McDonald, of Arkansas. Fuller was represented before Judge Wylie by Congressman Sheldon, of Louisiana.

The New York Evening Post is ordered to the bar of the House to answer for an alleged false dispatch implicating certain members in Cuban corruption.

A resolution passed ordering the arrest of parties who assaulted Congressman Porter, of Richmond, for a violation of Porter's privileges. They will be arrested wherever found and brought before the bar of the House.

Senate proceedings to-day unimportant.

HAVANA, June 10.—Nothing later from the Cuban expedition.

Dalton, Ga., June 10.—Telegraphic dispatches report three battles in which, respectively, there were 12, 14 and 12 insurgents killed.

The new tariff goes into effect 1st July. The duties on cattle will be reduced one-half.

LONDON, June 10.—Charles Dickens died at twenty minutes past six last evening, of paralysis.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, June 10, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business more active this morning, but quotations remain unchanged.

There is a little better feeling in cotton. Market liberally supplied with vegetables and fish.

Eggs and chickens continue scarce and high.

Green corn has made its appearance—three nubbins for twenty-five cents.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 12; selling at 1 14. Silver buying at 1 05; selling at 1 10. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 50, by car load, 1 55 in small lots. Rice, 8c. tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C, 15; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 14a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a22; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 35a45. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eggs, 25per doz. by the lot.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 40, and prime white $1 45 in car load lots at depot; $1 45a1 50 in small lots. In Wheat there is but little doing, and it may be quoted nominally 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. The demand for Oats is steady at 87c per bushel, in car load lots and 90 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 14¾a15; plain hams 18a20; canvased 22.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 18½; clear rib sides 17¾a17¾; shoulders 14; hams 17¾a18.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In good demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a 6 25; extra 6 50 a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 65. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand • May sweat) 60a63½; fine 80a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Ahens 11; Sprague, 10½a11; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 10; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern E, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 32; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 35. Low grades of prints can be had from 6 to 6¼.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, ⅞ 12; B. Shirting 3-4, 9¼a1-4, 14; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11¼a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18½a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 17½a18; Troup, 19; Yarns, 1 75.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s. common, 6 75; 3s. fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a5 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a38 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 63a80c; linings, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone. 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a5 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce), 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2¼c per lb.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 1 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11¼a15; do., pure, 16¼.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7¾, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3¼a4c gross. Stock light.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8¼c; hand made, 8c.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Stocks steady. Money quiet at 4a5. Exchange, long, 109¾; short 110¾. Gold 1 13¼. Bonds 12. Tennessee ex-coupons 64; new 62¼. Virginia ex-coupons 69; new 67¾. Louisiana sixes, old, 76½; new 73. Levee sixes 72; eights 92½. Alabama eights 101½; fives 75. Georgia sixes 87; sevens 94¾. North Carolinas, old, 48¾; new 24¾. South Carolinas, old, 95; new 83¼.

Flour, shipping moderate; 10c higher and wanted. Wheat 1a2 better; on spring fair demand. Corn 1a2 better and quiet. Pork heavy at 30 50a30 75. Lard dull and unchangee. Cotton quiet and firm at 22½ a23¾; sales 500 bales. Naval stores dull. Freights quiet.

LONDON, June 10, noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds 89¾. Tallow firmer at 45s 9da46s.

LIVERPOOL, June 10, noon.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾a11; sales 10,000 bales; sales for the week 42,000 bales; exports 3,000 bales; speculation 4,000 bales; stock on hand 603,000 bales; American 366,000 bales; receipts 35,000 bales; American 19,000 bales. Corn 30s 9d.

PARIS, June 10.—Bourse opened firm; Rentes 74f. 65c.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

The Garvy Property on Gilmer Street.

I WILL sell upon the premises, Tuesday afternoon, (at 5 o'clock, cool of the day) 14th instant, Two lots on Gilmer street, adjoining John Flynn's residence. No. 1 is 92x200 feet, and has upon it a well built Store House, with four rooms, so arranged as to admit of an addition of two rooms at very little expense,) store-room, kitchen, etc. This House is very substantially built, newly roofed. Granite Lintels in doors and windows. No. 2 is unimproved, 50x200 feet, all within 400 yards of Passenger Depot. High and nicely situated property, close to the center, and in a fine neighborhood. Terms ¼ cash, balance 60 and 90 days, with interest.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
June9-7t No 39 Alabama street.

East Alabama Female College,

TUSKEGEE, ALABAMA.

THE 19th Annual Session begins on the 3d of October, and continues four weeks. Five Professorships vacated by competent ladies, compose the Faculty. The University Elective System of Studies having been substituted for the College Curriculum, the ladies may now direct their studies and graduate in each department. Buildings thoroughly repaired; new Pianos; new Chapel Organ; new Furniture; new Library and Philosophical Apparatus are some of the advantages offered.

The College has ample accommodations for 200 boarders; average annual attendance 150. Annual expenses, from $175 to $300, according to location.

For Circulars, address
R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A., President.
June9-3t&w3t

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

OFFICE GENERAL FREIGHT AGENT,
ATLANTA, GA., June 1, 1870.

ON and after JUNE 1st, 1870, the following Freight Tariff will be enforced between Atlanta and stations on SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD:

Between Atlanta and	Cunningham To Cross Plains	Jacksonville to Alpine.	Childersburg To Gaines	Montevallo To Randolph.	Marbleville To [illegible]
First Class.....per 100 lbs	103	121	129	135	144
Second Class.....	89	104	110	116	123
Third Class.....	69	80	85	89	94
Fourth Class.....					
Potatoes, Apples, Onions.....	54	62	65	68	71
Iron Ties.....					
PER BUSHEL.					
Corn, Peas, Meal.....					
Barley, Rye, Wheat, Oats.....	17	21	22	24	25
Lime, per barrel.....	11½	13½	13½	14½	15½
Flour, per barrel.....	64	75	77	83	85
	90	77	98	98	98
PER CAR LOAD.					
Lumber, Bones, Bark					
Lime, Laths, Shingles					
Slate, Brick, Staves.					
Marble.....	27 00	32 00	34 00	37 00	.....
Coal, Coke, Ore's.....	25 00	29 00	32 00	34 00	41 00
Iron—Pig, R. R. Scrap,	27 00	25 00	30 00	43 00	45 00
Salt, Cement, Ice.}					
Fish.....	33 00	41 00	45 00	47 00	49 00
Molasses.....					
Flour, 50 barrels.....					
Household plunder..	37 50	60 70	65 50	60 80	75 90

The completion of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad to Dalton, gives to Shippers choice of routes via Kingston or Dalton. They should specify the route desired for their shipments upon the shipping ticket.

Attention is invited to the rates given upon Coal, Iron and Forest Products. Tariff and Classification Sheets furnished upon application.

A. POPE,
June— General Freight Agent.

KING HOUSE,

Stone Mountain.....Georgia.

NOW OPEN for the accommodation of the traveling public. No pains nor expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters. An excellent

STRING AND BRASS BAND

Connected with the house. The best, healthiest and most pleasant summer resort in the South; accessible by mail and railroad from all parts of the State. Terms moderate.

may29-dlm Cols. J. J. MORRISON, Pro'r.

☞ City papers copy to the amount of five dollars and send bill to J. J. M.

California Wine House.

ANGELICA, Hock, Claret, and other grades of California Wines and choice Liquors. Come and try it. JACOB MORRIS,
Hunter, between Broad and Whitehall Sts.
apr28-d3m

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the first day of June, for the building of a new Church, located on the Georgia Railroad, one-half mile from the corporate limits of the city. The specification and drawing can be seen at the office of C. F. Akers, on Whitehall street, over Bradfield's Drug Store.

C. F. AKERS, Chairman,
JOHN W. HUNT,
JAMES R. MAYSON,
Dr. JOSEPH JONES,
} Building Committee.
may19-dtf

LANDSBERG'S

LUMBER YARD,

OPPOSITE GEORGIA RAILROAD DEPOT.

Framing Lumber.

DRY WORKED FLOORING

AND

Weather Boarding.

WHITE PINE

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.

may7—

C. KETCHUM,

IMPORTER & DEALER IN

CARPETING,

FLOOR & TABLE OIL-CLOTHS,

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND SHADES,

72, Main street, above Third.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Tapestry Brussels $1.65; Body Brussels $2.25; Velvets $2.50; 3-Ply, all-wool, 75c to $1.00; 2-Ply, Ingrain, $1 25 to $1 50; 3 Ply $1 50 to $1.75.
apr13 3mos

Howe & Hubbell,

Successors to Hubbell, Swasey & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

Nos. 21, 25 and 27 Sycamore Street,

Cincinnati.....Ohio.
apr15-d6m

C. M. BUCHANAN. L. LABOITEAUX.

BUCHANAN & CO.,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

Nos. 9 and 12 Public Landing,

Cincinnati, - - Ohio.

Proprietors of the celebrated brands of Wiltshire and Orange Grove Whiskies.
apr17-d6m

TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the Seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. If Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage occurring on the line, constitute a claim to your patronage, then is our road entitled to your custom. Call on or address our Agents at Augusta and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."

Call on Mr. H. F. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Cheapest Mode of Freight's, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Company, will duly "Care of Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."

C. D. GWEIN, Gen'l Agt.,
No. 29 Broadway, cor. Rector st.
Post-office address, Box 5,292 New York, February 1, 1870.
feb17-3m

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

The Garvy Property on Gilmer Street.

I WILL sell upon the premises, Tuesday afternoon, (at 5 o'clock, cool of the day) 14th instant, Two lots on Gilmer street, adjoining John Flynn's residence. No. 1 is 92x200 feet, and has upon it a well built Store House, with four rooms, so arranged as to admit of an addition of two rooms at very little expense,) store-room, kitchen, etc. This House is very substantially built, newly roofed. Granite Lintels in doors and windows. No. 2 is unimproved, 50x200 feet, all within 400 yards of Passenger Depot. High and nicely situated property, close to the center, and in a fine neighborhood. Terms ¼ cash, balance 60 and 90 days, with interest.

G. W. ADAIR,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
June9-7t No 39 Alabama street.

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as preparations far above the average notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or lateleacy from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain,

Yours, truly, A. K. RANDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents,
Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.
CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov24-dly West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S

GREAT

GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia. Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with beneficial results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S

Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious dis ases. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No license at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 14, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS—I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your "German Bitters." After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mischerlich, of Berlin, Prussia. It will, without, be excellent for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and it is a good

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 11.

☞ The people of the North are becoming tired of the continual cry of Rebel.

☞ The Radical party having, in the passage of the 15th Amendment, completed the mission which its most fanatical members claimed for it, is disintegrating.

☞ The corruption and arrogance of a few men in power is arousing a deep feeling of indignation among the toiling millions who have to foot the bills of enormous expenses incurred through their selfish machinations.

☞ The Senate, though largely Republican, persistently refuses to ratify the treaty for the annexation of San Domingo, although the President continues zealously to "button hole" members in its favor. Alas! poor Grant!

☞ The utter defeat of the party in power, calling itself Republican, (though it is in favor of consolidating or centralizing the Government, and establishing a Congressional Imperialism,) is a foregone conclusion, else there is nothing in the signs of the movements at the North.

☞ Centralism practically proposes that a few men at Washington, known as a Congress, shall legislate in regard to all the local and neighborhood affairs of a vast population, inhabiting a territory extending from the Pacific to the Atlantic ocean, and from the Frigid to the Torrid zone. An Imperial Ukase, issued at Washington, may deprive the humblest, as well as the most exalted citizen, from his home and deprive him of the right of trial by a jury of his neighbors.

Signs.

Any great change for the better in the political condition of the people of the South must be wrought through the sober second thoughts of the people of the North.

There are signs of a cheering character in that direction. The "Act to enforce the 15th Amendment" is producing great alarm there. The idea of dragging an offender, or a pretended offender against that act, before a Federal Judge, instead of trying before a jury of his neighbors in the State Courts, is creating such indignation among the masses of the people as to threaten the utter discomfiture of the Republican party in the North.

There is a want of unity in the counsels of the dominant party in Congress, and no accepted leaders, either in the Senate or House of Representatives. The tariff, taxation, funding and expenditures create dissensions. There is great dissatisfaction about the appointments made by the President and his Cabinet.

Many of the party complain of the President's inexperience in public affairs. They charge that, though very good to quell a rebellion, he can not preserve the unity of the party.

He has no foreign nor domestic policy, say they, to support, which his party can unitedly rally around him.

The disaffected charge that the conduct of foreign affairs is imbecile and unworthy of the country.

Four hundred thousand Republicans say their own party organs stayed away from the polls at the recent election in New York.

Centralism Dangerous to Liberty.

That Centralism is a step towards Imperialism, and therefore dangerous to the liberties of the people, cannot be successfully disproven. No evasion of this issue will avail its advocates. No partisan clap-trap in regard to the Democratic party of the olden time or of the present day can prevent the people of the United States, if permitted to reflect, from perceiving the truth.

The great American Republic is a union of republics. The component parts of the confederation at the formation of the Union granted certain powers to the Federal Government. They reserved to themselves all other attributes of sovereignty. Among the wisest and best of the statesmen of the country, this fact was never called in question, except by the old Federal party. Save only that party, until since the war, there could not be found a man claiming to be an American citizen who had the audacity to publicly denounce or deny this. After the utter defeat and disgrace of the old "Blue Light" Federal party of "Alien and Sedition Law" notoriety, such a man would have been pronounced traitorous by the people, both North and South.

Andrew Jackson boldly advocated a strict construction of the Constitution, and was a champion of the reserved rights of the States. He thundered anathemas at the nullifiers of South Carolina, and favored the celebrated force bill, which proposed to give the Federal Executive the men and means of collecting duties on imports in spite of the threat of the Legislature of the State to prevent their collection within its borders.

He claimed that the tariff was a subject upon which the Federal Congress had a Constitutional right to legislate; and, as the Federal Executive, that it was his duty to enforce it. He uttered, on a noted occasion, the celebrated toast, "The Federal Union: It must be preserved." He was not a "secessionist," and boldly denied the doctrine of the right of "secession."

His messages, and those of all his predecessors, except old John Adams, clearly acknowledge that there were rights belonging to the States which must be represented by the Federal Government. All of his successors, including Mr. Lincoln and Andrew Johnson, acknowledged that certain rights were reserved by the States in the formation of the Constitution of the Union.

Yet, in this enlightened day, there is a party in the State of Georgia whose accredited organ advocates a centralized government; and, in denying that the States have reserved rights, sees no difference between the doctrine of qualified State sovereignty and a denial of the paramount sovereignty of the Federal Government. Whenever logic and history fail to answer its purposes in discussing a subject so important in its bearing upon the liberties of the people, it cries "secession! secession! another rebellion! The 'Nation' is in danger if the States are admitted to have any rights."

The truth is, that comparatively few of the people of the late Confederate States ever embraced Mr. Calhoun's theory of the right of secession. They flew to arms because they thought their liberties and property were in jeopardy. The Federal Government did not propose to coerce the States, or to subdue the people thereof, for any other purpose than to preserve the Union as it was under the Constitution of our fathers.

It triumphed. The Confederates laid down their arms, and took the oath of allegiance to the Federal Government, acknowledging its paramount sovereignty, which very few of them ever theoretically denied, though they had, for four years, been practically in rebellion.

Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson who, had much to do with waging war against the South, and are, or ought to be, good authority among Republicans as to the objects of the war, always contended that they wished to preserve the Federal Union as it was, and not to change the form of government to that of a consolidated nation, all the distinctive features of whose elements or component parts should be forever obliterated. They made a wide difference between the doctrine of the secession and the constitutional reserved rights of the States.

Georgia News.

The Banner announces the death of Wales Smith, a well known and useful citizen of Athens for the last twelve years.

The Augusta papers chronicle the killing of forty-five dogs in that city last Thursday.

Rev. R. A. Holland, of Baltimore, will preach at Athens next Sabbath. He will also lecture on the 13th and 14th instant for the benefit of the Oconee Methodist Church in that place.

Here, There and Everywhere.

The negro riot at Tuskegee, Alabama, was quieted without blood-shed.

General Wade Hampton has purchased a steam plow for $18,000.

Dr. E. D. Newton, of Rome, bifurcated the tongue of a Mr. Crow a few days since.

A Universal Exposition will be held in Vienna in 1873. It is intended to make it equal in all particulars to the Paris movement of a similar character.

Newton County Agricultural Society propose to obligate themselves to raise their supplies at home, and quit the ruinous policy of raising cotton to buy the necessaries of life. Sensible to the last.

The Superintendent of the N. Y. Police Department states that hereafter no notice will be paid to telegrams sent to his department calling for the arrest of parties charged with crime, unless full particulars are given as to name, nature of offense, and the authority for such arrest; and such telegram must also be signed by the head of the police department in the place from whence the dispatch is sent.

Thirty-five thousands quarts of strawberries have been shipped the present season from Richmond, per express.

OUR DALTON LETTER.

Railroad Festival—Crops, Etc.

DALTON, GA., June 9, 1870.

Editors Constitution: The supper given by the citizens of Dalton to the officers of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad came off last night at the Tibbs House. The table was beautifully and bountifully spread. It did great honor to Mr. Campbell and his estimable lady and to the Committee of Arrangements. Colonel Wash Johnston, in a few pithy remarks, welcomed Captain Barney and his associates to the hearts and hospitalities of the people of Dalton—telling them that we of the South were ever ready to extend the right hand of fellowship to all such men as they, who come among us with their capital to build up our waste places. Captain Barney replied in a plain, common sense talk—expressing how much pleasure such demonstration of friendly regard afforded himself and friends. Showing how great the benefit such enterprises as the one just completed was both to this country and also to capitalists themselves, and telling us that many monied men North whom we might now regard as our enemies were really our friends, and were ready and anxious to assist us to build up our waste places. After which we all fell to and all present done full justice to the bounteous repast.

Dalton and Rome are having a severe fight over the company's shops. Of course we think our chance is the best.

I had the pleasure of meeting last evening the veritable "Phat Boy" of THE CONSTITUTION—as fat and jolly as when he lived on green corn and poor beef during the "late unpleasantness." Among other amusing things, he told me of a pedestrian feat he performed during that time from Augusta to Smithville, North Carolina—twenty-five miles per day. Would you have believed it? I regretted very much that business and the 10 o'clock train took him off before supper came on, for if anything is to be judged from appearance, a good supper and champagne are rather in his line.

We were all somewhat startled this morning by the appearance of a poster on the front of Dr. Goodyear's drug-store, dating from "Headquarters in the Moon," whereby the Grand Cyclops of the Ku-Klox Klan (or some mischievous schoolboy) notified the Doctor that the said Klan had nothing to do with the difficulties between him and the North Georgia Citizen, and advising him not to invoke the Klan, unless he wished their attention—alluding, I presume, to an article of the Doctor's in the New Era of the 7th instant.

Harvesting has commenced. I think North Georgia will make at least twice as much wheat and oats this year than it has done since the war. P.

Three Thousand Dollars Paid by the State for Copying Books in the Executive Office, where but $150 or $200 only ought to have been Paid.

Editors Constitution: There are three small books in the Executive office, for the copying of which the State has paid $3,000, when, in my judgment, it ought not fairly to have paid more than $150, and under no circumstances ought more than $300 have been paid for said service. But I will describe the books, give the number of pages, etc., and state the circumstances under which they were copied, and let others judge with me. These books are the numerical land books of Muscogee, Carroll and Coweta counties, showing the numbers and districts of the lands in said counties; the names of the drawers, and the parties to whom said land was granted, and the date of the grant. The three books contain, in all, 251 pages; 30 of these 251 pages are reported to me by a gentleman who examined and counted them to be "not half full." Deduct, then, 15 of these 251 pages, so as to give full pages, and the number of full pages in all these books is 236. These pages contain 50 lines each, with about 9 or 10 words in each line, counting figures "100," "1856," "1,000" etc. etc. each as one word. Now my calculation is that any ordinary good pressman can easily copy eight such pages per day, which would take 30 days to copy these 236 pages, and that $5 00 per day (about what the clerks in the Comptroller's, Treasurer's and Secretary of State's, each, gets for working days) would be paid good pay. This would make the cost of the books $150. But Major H. J. G. Williams, one of Governor Bullock's clerks, gets $3,000 for them, which, for 30 days, is $100 per day, $12 50 per page, $50 per sheet, and $12 00 per quire—as witness the following copy of a warrant in Comptroller Bells Report for 1868:

1868, Warrant "329, August 8; H. J. G. Williams for transcribing land books of Muscogee, Carroll, etc." (the etc. being Coweta county) $3000.

It is true that in the preamble to the resolution (not law, according to the Constitution) "authorizing" the Governor, under certain circumstances, to "draw his warrant on the Treasury" to pay Mr. Williams, says that "whereas" said books have "become much mutilated by reason of the repeated examination by parties interested in lands situated therein," and that by Executive "authority" (not executive order, which is quite a different thing and might put a better face upon this matter) "for the preservation thereof Major H. J. G. Williams has transcribed the name, etc., etc. But these mere "observations" in said preamble are not facts. And no "assertions" in any preamble, nor the mere affidavit alone of any one man to make such an assertion a fact, where its effect calls in question the conduct of a public officer, ought to be taken as fact. Now, the 3d section of the Code required Governor Jenkins to "cause to be kept and preserved in the Executive office" those very books. They were almost, if not quite, in daily use by the "parties interested in lands situated therein," and if they really needed being copied—if they were "much mutilated," as this preamble asserts, and Governor Jenkins' attention was called to them, which the preamble also shows, is there any decent white man in Georgia, or any intelligent negro in Georgia, who will believe that Charles J. Jenkins, a sworn officer, with a contingent fund of $30,000 to meet all such things, would have shirked his duty and declined to order this work done and pay for it, etc., when, I think, he could have got plenty of men about Milledgeville that would have gladly jumped at the chance to copy them for $150, or $200 at the most? I think not. I put this question not to those who know Governor Jenkins well, Mr. Editor, but I put it to every body who has three grains of common sense.

Happening in the Executive office, I think in the spring or summer of 1868, when there were but two Secretaries employed in the Executive Office, during office hours, I saw Major Williams copying one of those books. As I had handled the land books in the Executive office weekly, if not daily, for the then past ten years, responding to friends inquiring of me about their lands, etc., and while I noticed several of them "mutilated" from constant handling; yet, having no difficulty in my examinations, and discovering none of them "mutilated," and not hearing of any of them being of the kind, and the book that was being copied looking rather neat, etc., I was surprised at seeing it copied, and I asked Major Williams why he was copying it, and without stopping for a reply, further asked: "Were you ordered to copy it?"

His reply was about this: "No! But Governor Jenkins gave me permission to copy it, if I thought proper to do so, and look to the Legislature for pay."

After a service of three months and twenty-one days in the Executive office, (most of which time the Legislature was in session) having become satisfied that, usually, the business of the office was not enough to keep two secretaries employed more than half their time, if that, and, as I supposed that Major Williams wanted to get a little extra job, my conclusion from his reply was that he had taken these books to Governor Jenkins and suggested to the Governor to have them copied, hoping to get the job himself. That Governor Jenkins, upon looking over the books, came to the conclusion that they were not "much mutilated"—that, perhaps, while newer and cleaner looking books might look better, yet that, as he saw that thing, would give no inconvenience to "parties interested" in learning about their lands, there was no necessity for their being copied, and he, therefore, declined to order them copied. That Major Williams failing in this, then asked the Governor to "permit" him to copy, etc., and that the Governor gave his consent. I thought no more of the matter until I saw this very extraordinary charge and payment in January, 1869, and at the time mentioned it to several members of the Legislature, but not being either a member of the Legislature or an officer of the State, and having my own business to attend to, I troubled myself no more about the matter until today. My reasons for now coming out over my own name in this matter will be given in due time.

If my calculation as to what an ordinary or good copyist can do in a day be correct, I have shown that the work was not worth $150 at $5 per day. But, for the sake of argument, admit that there was a slight mutilation—that there were a few names and figures obliterated that escaped Governor Jenkins' observation, which made it necessary for Major Williams to go to the Secretary of State's office to hunt up the names and figures thus obliterated. If he was much disturbed in copying in this way, he can very readily show it by referring to Colonel Burnett, Secretary of State, or to Colonel B.'s Clerk, Mr. Ben Freeman, now Clerk in the office of the Secretary of State at Atlanta. I have not said a word to Mr. Freeman, nor had any intimation from him, but I doubt about his being willing to swear that he believes Major Williams was engaged as much as five whole days in hunting up these figures and names. But I will allow Major W. thirty days for that, and then the cost of those books ought to have been but $300.

But, Mr. Editor, in all these things I may be wrong. If I am, I am going to try to put myself in a position where I shall have to pay well for my error. I, therefore, here publicly propose to Governor Bullock or the Legislature that if, upon examination, I find no "legal technicality" to prevent a recovery, in case I prove a large over-payment, and in case I can find property of Major Williams' to pay said recovery, I propose to prosecute the case before Fulton Superior Court—to select my own lawyers—and in case I do not get judgment against Major Williams, I will pay all of my lawyers' fees and court costs, and give Major Williams $100 damages. In case I recover, etc., after paying my lawyers' fees, I will divide with the State. Having said this much, and offered this much, if Major Williams has acted fairly and honorably in this matter, he ought to thank me for thus giving him a fair chance to clear himself of what many consider, with the lights before them, "quite bad looking things," and he not only ought to beg the Governor or Legislature to grant me the privilege asked, but he ought to prepare to give me security that I get the amount of my judgment, if I get any, so as to give me "no excuse" to "dodge," etc. Good as well as bad men differ as to judgment or facts at times. This is admitted by all. I am not free from the errors of man, of over-valuing or under-valuing things. This is one of the instances, however, in which I am willing to pay a penalty for expressing an opinion, if it be wrong.

In this communication I have tried to state nothing but facts, or what I believe to be the facts in the case, and I have given my opinion upon the same in as mild and an inoffensive a manner as possible. I have not, so far as I can discern, charged in this communication intentional wrong. And I don't wish to be understood in doing so, when I say this: That should an investigation of this matter be had at the court-house, or elsewhere, and any of these books have been mutilated to any extent, since Governor Jenkins went out of office, I think I can detect the same without calling on Governor Jenkins; and if, upon examination, I have "good reason" for believing mutilation has taken place, (which I again repeat I do not charge) I shall take the matter before the Grand Jury and try to find out the wrong doer. I say this much, because I try to be always careful in my statements, more especially when I reflect and carefully write the same down, and I shall permit no "tricks" to be played off on me by any one without proper punishment being administered, if the perpetrators can be found. Sometimes, to have a man won't or don't do a certain thing himself to get himself out of a scrape, some kind friend "un-be-knowns" to him will help him, etc. This, too, is an admitted fact.

You will here from me again, Mr. Editor, to-morrow upon other matters.

PETERSON THWEATT.

Milledgeville June 8, 1870.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Revenue to-day over $1,000,000.

Boutwell has gone North, and will be absent a week.

The President will be absent a week. Masterly inactivity seems to be the policy of the Executive.

Private dispatches from Oregon indicate that the member of Congress heretofore claimed as Republican is Democratic. The Democrats made a clean sweep.

Red Cloud and party had a final interview to-day with the Secretary of the Interior, when Red Cloud reiterated his demand previously made for the removal of Fort Fetterman, and was informed, much to his dissatisfaction, that the Fort would not be removed. He received the news that arrangements had been made for the departure of himself and party for home on Monday next.

Spurious stamps on North Carolina tobacco has been seized in Baltimore. The counterfeits are longer, and the tinted lines of the genuine are absent.

Congressional.

In the House it was ordered that a special committee be appointed on the alleged false statements by a correspondent of the New York Post. During the discussion General Butler said there was no question of veracity between himself and the correspondent. [Note.—It is due to the craft to say that there is.]

In the Senate, book publishers memorialize for a modification of the copyright laws.

A bill was introduced authorizing army officers to insure their lives in life insurance offices in the United States.

Central Branch Pacific Railroad and the franking privilege were discussed to recess.

The Senate is in session to-night.

In the House a great part of the day was consumed in the alleged falsity of the dispatch charging Congressional corruption in Cuban affairs. The discussion was warm that newspaper men, like preachers and lawyers, had a right to withhold the sources of information. A correspondent in this case was brought before the bar of the House. A motion was made by the aggrieved party that he be expelled from the reporters' gallery. It was finally amended by appointing a committee with power to send for persons and papers.

The Deficiency bill, as it was returned from the Senate, was considered. The Senate made 256 amendments. The first, regarding court claims, was adopted: Provided that no pardon or amnesty, granted by the President, whether general or special, by proclamation or otherwise, nor any acceptance of such pardon or amnesty, nor oath taken, or other act performed, in pursuance or as a condition thereof, shall be admissible on the part of any claimant in the Court of Claims as evidence in support of any claim against the United States, or to establish the standing of any claimant in said Court, or his right to bring suit therein, except where such pardon and amnesty were granted and oaths of allegience and amnesty were taken in good faith during the continuance of the active operations of the late rebellion under the proclamation of President Lincoln, issued in pursuance of the 13th section of an act approved July 17th, 1862, pledging the public faith for a restoration of the rights of property, and where all the requirements and conditions named in said act and the proclamation have been faithfully complied with, and said oath of amnesty and allegiance kept and maintained inviolate, and this is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning in this regard of the several acts conferring jurisdiction on the Court of Claims and of the real act of July 17th, 1862, and the said proclamation of President Lincoln founded thereon. Without further proceeding on the Deficiency bill, the House adjourned.

RALEIGH, June 10.—Papers from different sections of the State represent the growing crops as badly damaged by recent heavy rains.

WILMINGTON, June 10.—The Republican Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress from the 3d District, closed at Lumberton, last evening, after the stormiest and most exciting session known in the political annals of North Carolina.

After the withdrawal of a number of delegates, O. H. Dockry, present incumbent, was nominated on the first ballot.

Dockry refused to endorse the administration of Governor Holden.

The Anti-Dockry faction is extremely bitter, and avow their intention of running an independent candidate, or of voting for the Conservative candidate. Galloway, negro Senator, and one of the delegates, pledged New Hanover county against the nominee before he withdrew from the Convention. Andrew J. Jones, it is thought, will be the independent Republican candidate.

Prominent Republicans declare the disgraceful scenes enacted in the Convention surpasses anything of the kind they ever witnessed.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The Grand Lodge of Masons, to-day, abandoned the scheme to establish a National Grand Lodge.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Death of Charles Dickens.

LONDON, June 10.—The Globe, in its last edition this evening, startled the community with the announcement that Charles Dickens had been seized with paralysis and was lying insensible at his residence at Gads Hill, near Rochester in Kent. The news spread rapidly, and created most profound regret; but the worst is still to come. Telegrams have since been received which announce the death of the great novelist at a quarter past six this evening.

Mr. Dickens was at dinner on Wednesday, when he was seized with the fit. Dr. Steele, of the Village of Stroud, who was, in former years, the family physician of Mr. Dickens, was immediately called in and remained till near midnight. The condition of the patient becoming worse and worse, it was deemed advisable to summon physicians from London. Telegrams were promptly dispatched, and this A. M. several London physicians arrived at Gads Hill. A consultation was held, and the case was at once pronounced hopeless. The patient sank gradually, and died at 15 minutes past 6 in the evening.

Mr. Dickens had been ill for several days, but not seriously. He had even visited Rochester and other points during the present week.

The death of Charles Dickens has plunged the nation into mourning. All the London papers have obituary articles this morning.

The Times says the ordinary expressions of regret are now cold and conventional. Millions of people feel a personal bereavement. Statesmen, savans and benefactors of their race, when they die, can leave no such void; they cannot, like this great novelist, be an intimate of every house.

The Daily News says, without an intellectual pedigree, his writings form an era in English literature. He was generous, loving and universally beloved. He leaves, like Thackeray, an unfinished story.

The Morning Post says Dickens did more than any contemporary to make English literature loved and admired.

The Telegraph regards the distinguished dead as a public servant whose task is nobly fulfilled.

John S. Fiske, of Leith, Scotland, has been arrested. The Times says the arrest was made in connection with the Boulton masquerade. Ball was refused.

Holliday at Manchester to-day.

LISBON, June 10.—General Amnesty is proclaimed for past political offenses.

MADRID, June 10.—Montpensier has asked for a passport to England.

Egeria won Wednesday's yacht race by one minute and forty seconds, though Gloriana housed first. Egeria had tonnage allowances.

MADRID, June 10.—A Deputy to Cortes from Porto Rico advocated the abolition of slavery.

LISBON, June 10.—Amnesty has been decreed for political officers since the 1st of March.

PARIS, June 10.—Severe drought throughout the agricultural districts.

The police have discovered eighteen more wheel-shaped bombs, and made five fresh arrests.

☞ Henry Wilson, John W. Julian, Grace Greenwood, Mrs. Southworth, and many others, have invited the American Woman Suffrage Association to hold a convention in Washington. They will probably comply, and set the time during this or the next session of Congress.

☞ Gloucester, Massachusetts, has a female Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. Something was needed to give respectability to the organization as it was before.

☞ The death of Prince Demidoff entails upon the Princess Mathilde an annual loss of 200,000 francs, this having been the amount of the annuity he settled upon her at the time of her separation.

Special Notices.

☞ THREE BEAUTIFUL BUILDings Lots on Cottage Hill; ¼ cash, balance on time. Enquire at PECK, DESAULLES & CO.
junell-dlw

☞ WEDLOCK.—THE BASIS OF CIVIL SOCIETY.—Essays for Young Men, on the honor and happiness of Marriage, and the evils and dangers of Celibacy, with sanitary help for the attainment of man's true position in life. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address,
HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
may21-d&w3m Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

New Advertisements.

DIAMOND HILL PROPERTY

18 LOTS at Auction at 5 o'clock this evening. These lots lie near Evans' Chapel and the College on Diamond Hill.
Conveyances leave our office at 4 o'clock.
Don't wait for personal invitations. Come, jump in the wagons, and without price, take a ride out to the sale and buy bargains.
BELL & HAMMOCK,
Real Estate Agents,
Next door to James' Bank, Whitehall st.
junell-d1t

COPARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the firm name and style of McCamy, Zimmerman & Co., for the purpose of conducting a General Grocery and Produce Commission business, and will attend promptly to any business with which the public may favor them. We also connect with the above business, a General Real Estate Agency.
A. R. McCAMY,
R. P. ZIMMERMAN,
T. B. McCAMY.
junell-d3t

Catoosa County Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold before the Court House door, in Ringgold, Catoosa county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in July next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

Lot of land No 215, in the 11th district and 3d section of said county. Levied on as the property of George W. Houser, by one fi fa issued from the Superior Court of said county in favor of W. T. Evans, administrator of Jesse M. Roach vs. said Houser, defendant in possession.

Also, at the same time and place, 120 acres of land, more or less, being parts of lots No. 235 and 270, in the 9th district and 4th section of said county, being the tract on which defendant now lives. Bounded on the east by the lands of John Bird, on the south by W. M. Cochran, on the west by the Calder B place, and on the north by E. Maxwell. Levied on as the property of C. C. Carruthers, sold for the purchase money. June 9th, 1870.
THOS. B. COX,
junell-wtds Sheriff.

Campbell County Sheriff's Sales.

WILL be sold before the Court House door, in the town of Campbellton, Ga., between the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in July next, the following property, to-wit:

Lot of Land No. 332, in the 14th district and 2d section of originally Cherokee, but now Campbell county, Ga., to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Superior Court of said county, in favor of A. S. Atkinson, trustee, etc., vs. Joshua M. James. Property pointed out by defendant.
EVAN R. WHITLEY,
Deputy Sheriff.
junell-wtds

N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton County, Ga., will be sold, on the first Tuesday in July next, at the Court House door in the City of Atlanta, Fulton county, between the legal hours of sale, the following houses and lots in the city of Atlanta, being the property of the estate of George Gibbon:

One lot on Tannery street, 100 feet on said street, thence south 200 feet to Simpson street, 140 feet on Simpson street, and thence north to Tannery street 200 feet; containing one-half acre more or less. On said premises is a one-story dwelling house.

One lot known as city lot No. 36, containing one-half acre more or less, being on Ivy street, 100 feet on said street; on which lot are two small one story buildings of wood.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 35 containing four-fifths of half-acre, more or less, being 100 feet, more or less, on Ivy street, 160 feet, more or less, on Harris street, 100 feet, more or less, on the west line, and 160 feet, more or less, on south line; on said lot is a one-story wood building.

One lot known as city lot No. 107, of block No. 11, containing one and one-fourth of an acre, more or less, situated on the corner of Collins and Baker streets; on said lot is a large two-story brick house with twelve rooms, with good outbuildings.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 108, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, and fronting on Collins street 45 feet, more or less, and running back 210 feet, more or less, and having thereon a one-story building of wood, two rooms.

One lot known as city lot No. 15, being 50 feet front on Hull street, and containing one-half an acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as No. 4, in block 33, situated on Whitehall street, and running back to Forsyth street, and containing one acre, more or less; on said pr mises is a one-story house of brick, as present occupied by Wm. M. Hopkins.

One lot known as part of land lot No. 79, in the 14th district of Fulton county. Said lot fronts on Simpson street, and measures 100 by 300 feet, more or less.

One lot known as city lot No. 7, in block 109, fronting 200 feet on Stockton street, and 300 feet on Mechanics' street; said lot contains one-half acre, more or less; on said premises is a small one-story building.

One lot known as city lot No. 130, of block 29, fronting on Houston street 145 feet, more or less, on Butler street 218 feet, containing seven-eighths of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, and containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, including half the alley on the south side of said lot, situated on Crew street; on said premises is a one-story dwelling of four rooms.

One lot known as part of city lot No. 14, in block No. 4, being a part of original land lot No. 76, in the 14th district, which is the eastern part of said city lot, containing one fourth of an acre, more or less.

One lot known as No. 129, fronting on Marietta street, containing five-eighths of an acre, more or less; on said premises is a dwelling of four rooms on high brick basement.

One lot known as the west half of city lot No. 1, and the west half of the north half of city lot No. 2, in block No. 16, containing three-fourths of an acre, more or less; on said premises is a two-story wooden dwelling of six rooms, with good outbuildings, and situated on Mitchell street, opposite City Hall.

Also, one house and lot in the city of Griffin, Spalding county, known as city lot 7, square 25, and containing one-half acre, more or less; and, also, 33½ feet off the north end of lot No 8, square 25, on which the stables are located. Terms cash.
GEORGE E. GIBBON,
Qualified Executor of
may31-d4w1 George Gibbon, deceased.

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TRADE MARK

ARGYLE BITTERS.

THE superiority of the above named article over any other Bitters is now admitted in every instance where a comparison has been made. The Proprietors most respectfully inform the public that the high reputation they have so justly acquired has been on their intrinsic merits alone. The ingredients used, in point of purity, excellence and medicinal qualities can not be surpassed, imparting a richness and delicacy of flavor heretofore unequaled by any combination of medicines having any claim for the relief of the following complaints, for which the

ARGYLE BITTERS

are especially recommended, viz:

Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
Diseases of the Stomach,
Nervousness, Jaundice,
Billious Complaints,
Costiveness, Cramps,
Flatulency, Griping Pains,
Heartburn, Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low. ess of Spirits or Melancholy,
Pains in the Side or Back,
Sick and Nervous Headache,
Etc., Etc.

All the virtues of the true CALISAYA BARK are to be found in the ARGYLE BITTERS, making them the best Appetizer and genie Tonic in all cases of General Debility and Derangement of the Stomach and Digestive Organs, that it is possible to produce.

Being mild in effect and pleasant to the taste, they are especially recommended to delicate females as a gentle soothing and invigorating tonic.

The following important Certificate from Dr. I. L. CRAWCOUR, an eminent Chemist and Physician of this city, speaks so favorably of the Argyle Bitters, we deem it superfluous to add anything further:

201 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,
September 1, 1869.

Messrs. Wheelock, Finlay & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—I have carefully examined your Argyle Bitters, and from my knowledge of their ingredients can safely recommend them as a good and reliable tonic and especially as a corrective of that morbid desire which so frequently affects those addicted to the use of ardent spirits. The chief ingredients being the best Calisaya Bark, renders them peculiarly fitted for the use of those residing in malarious districts, as they will not only act as a preventive against intermittent disease, but in a large number of cases may cure it when it has made its appearance.

I. L. CRAWCOUR, M. D.,
Prof. of Principles and Practice of Medicine,
N. O. School of Medicine.

E. B. WHEELOCK,
SOLE PROPRIETOR.
WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
New Orleans.

For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Dealers generally.

DISCOVERED AT LAST!

NO MORE CHILLS AND FEVER!

DR. F. WILHOFT'S

Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic

is GUARANTEED by the Proprietors a safe, certain, speedy and effectual cure for *Fever and Ague, Dumb Chills, Costive Chills, Bilious Remittent Fever*, and all Malarious Diseases.

contains no *poison*, either vegetable or mineral. The sale of this article in the Southern States is immense. It has the indorsement of the first *Physicians* of our city and is in use in the *Charity Hospital*. A single bottle is all that is required to effect a permanent cure, and it has *never yet* been known to fail. On the proper proofs being rendered to us, we will refund the price paid if it fails to cure.

WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
201 Camp Street, New Orleans, La.
For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Druggists generally. apr28-dcod4w8w&2d4t

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exhibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Extreme Disorders of the Womb Dropsy, Syphilitic Affections, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though sometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entails misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called alteratives and purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arcana of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating those Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with the train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent mineral's, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the lassitude and debility peculiar to that season of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.
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WALTHAM

WATCHES!

THE extensive use of these Watches for the last fifteen years by Railway Conductors, Engineers, and Expressmen, the most exacting of watch wearers, has thoroughly demonstrated the strength, steadiness, durability and accuracy of the Waltham Watch. To satisfy that class in all these respects, is to decide the question as to the real value of these time-keepers.

—More than 450,000 of these watches are now speaking for themselves in the pockets of the people—a proof and a guarantee of their superiority over all others

The superior organization and great extent of the Company's Works at Waltham, enable them to produce watches at a price which renders competition futile, and those who buy any other watch merely pay from 25 to 50 per cent. more for their watches than is necessary.

We are now selling Waltham Watches at less prices in greenbacks, than the gold prices before the war. There is no other manufacture of any kind in the United States of which this can be said.

These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watch-making originating in this country or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which severe testing by the most skillful artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time-keeping.

Among the many improvements we would particularize:

The invention and use of a centre-pinion of peculiar construction, to prevent damage to the train by the breakage of main springs, is original with the American Watch Company, who, having had the refusal of all other contrivances, adopted Fogg's Patent pinion as being the best and faultless.

Hardened and tempered hair springs, now universally admitted by watchmakers to be the best, are used in all grades of Waltham Watches.

All Waltham Watches have dust-proof cases protecting the movement from dust and lessening the necessity of the frequent cleaning necessary in other watches.

Our new patent stem-winder, or keyless watch, is already a decided success, and a great improvement on any stem winding watch in the American market, and by far the cheapest watch of its quality now offered to the public. To those living in portions of the United States where watch-makers do not abound, watches with the above mentioned improvements which tend to insure accuracy, cleanliness, durability and convenience, must prove invaluable.

Every watch guaranteed by the Company.

To prevent imposition, buyers should see that every watch should bear either of the following trade marks:

American Watch Co.....Waltham, Mass.
Ams Watch Co .....Waltham, Mass.
American Watch Co.,
Crescent St.....Waltham, Mass.
Appleton, Tracy & Co.....Waltham, Mass.
Waltham Watch Co.....Waltham, Mass.
P. S. Bartlett.....Waltham, Mass.
Wm. Ellery .....Waltham, Mass.
Home Watch Co.....Boston, Mass.

For sale at retail by all respectable dealers.

A descriptive circular giving much useful information sent to any address on application.

No watches retailed by the Company.

Address,

Robbins & Appleton,

GENERAL AGENTS,

182 Broadway, New York.

Ask to see the new Full-Plate Watch, bearing the trade mark "American Watch Co., Crescent st., Waltham Mass." It is by far the best Full-Plate Watch made in the United States, and surpasses anything heretofore made in this country for Railway Engineers, Conductors, &c.
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THE SECOND VOLUME OF A. H. STEPHENS

GREAT History of the War is now ready. Agents wanted. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo. junel-d1m

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THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 11.

ANOTHER shower of rain fell last night.

THE Diamond Hill property will be sold to-day by Messrs. Bell & Hemstock.

SHERIFF HARRIS is able to ride out on horseback, though unable to walk.

THERE is not a single inmate in the calaboose.

OUR genial friend W. D. Ellis, local of the Intelligencer, left for South Carolina last night.

WILLIAM WOOD, on Broad street, is carrying on the Upholstering business. Furniture repaired and made to look as good as new.

THE funeral of C. W. Eeds, printer, will take place from the residence of Mrs. Kile, on Calhoun street, at 4½ o'clock this afternoon.

COLONEL ADAIR, yesterday, sold the 50 acre lot, three miles from the city, on the Peachtree Road, to Judge John D. Pope, for $2,470.

DR. E. J. ROACH is about to commence the construction of a three story brick store on Whitehall street, opposite the Petro Oil Depot.

SENATOR HOLCOMBE, of Milton, is in the city, as Robustuous as ever. He reports fine wheat crops and good rains in his section.

HAGAN opens a new fruit and vegetable stand on the corner of Railroad Block and Whitehall crossing to-day. Mr. Gregg is the genial and live salesman.

A STATE Road engine halted at Whitehall crossing yesterday evening for the want of "grease." Had "we boys" took all the grease for themselves?

WILL the Railroad Investigating Committee compare the official report of Supervisor A. L. Harris to Superintendent Hulbert with his statement before them, and balance them.

WHY are not Hon. J. M. Spurlock, John Harden, Esq., and Z. B. Hargrove, Esq., brought before the Railroad Investigating Committee and questioned about the Beck matter?

ABOUT one-half of the business cards in Lines & Smith's State Fair Business Frames have been taken by our merchants. We advise those wishing to secure cards to apply early. Leave orders at Rendeau & Co's. furniture store.

PROFESSOR WILLET and eleven of the senior class of Mercer University came up from Stone Mountain yesterday, inspected the Gas Works and other objects of interest, and had their pictures took by Kuhn.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.—S. R. McCamy & Son and R. P. Zimmerman have formed a copartnership in the Real Estate business, and offer their services to the public. Messrs. McCamy & Zimmerman are thoroughly posted and will do their level best to benefit their patrons.

THE ODD FELLOWS' EXCURSION.—The picnic of the Odd Fellows yesterday, to Vinings, was one of the most agreeable and cosy affairs of the season. The crowd was not as large as had been expected, but this was rather an advantage in the way of social enjoyment, fun and frolic.

Choice refreshments, solid and fluid luxuries, were plentiful. Prof. Hensler's excellent band furnished the charms of music, and Terpischore certainly never had more enthusiastic devotees than those assembled in the cool groves of Vining's.

The excursion party returned before dark to the Gate City, apparently in the best of humor with themselves and the world at large, nothing in the least calculated to mar the festivities of the day having occurred.

SUPREME COURT—*Morning Session*—ATLANTA, GA., June 10, 1870.—Argument was concluded in No. 31, Pataula District.

The Court went back and called the cases heretofore passed over.

Henry G. Feagan, sheriff, vs. John W. Avre. Rule against sheriff, from Stewart.

E. H. Bell for plaintiff in error, Ingman & Crawford, M. Giles for defendant, was a continued case. It was dismissed for want of prosecution.

No. 1 was dismissed for want of prosecution.

It is D. H. Baldwin & Co. for the use of W. M. Moses vs. Wm. J. Brown, sheriff. Rule from Quitman.

R. J. Moses for plaintiff in error.

H. Fielder, L. Gonake, for defendant.

No. 3 was argued. It is Thomas Ozmore vs. Percy Ann Ozmore. Alimony, from Randolph.

R. L. Douglass, Wood & Kiddoo, for plaintiff in error.

R. B. Worrill, for defendant.

No. 5 is Jacob L. Cobb vs. F. B. Morris, et. al executors. Motion for new trial from Randolph.

R. B. Worrill, J. S. Wimberly, for plaintiff in error.

H. Fielder for defendants.

Pending the reading of the record, Court adjourned till 4 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

Argument was resumed in No. 5, Pataula Circuit. At its conclusion, Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

ROOMS WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD,
INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE,
Friday, June 10, 1870.

Committee met. The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

J. H. Flynn sworn.—Says he held the position of Master Machinist from 1867 until the 1st of January last, except during the time the General Government had possession of the Western and Atlantic Railroad. Never heard any complaint against the condition of the road in 1869 from engineers or any one else. Remembers of no run offs occurring on the road, being so many reverse curves, throwing the weight of the engines suddenly from one side to the other, necessarily told heavily upon the rolling stock, but generally they were in working order. Many of them were old and had to be frequently repaired. Some of them needed repairs when witness left the shop. Witness is satisfied that it requires 50 per cent. more labor to keep up the machinery on the Western and Atlantic Railroad (from the reasons given) than any road South of this; thinks the four new engines contracted for by R. F. Blodgett, some of which witness has seen, are first-class engines and were well purchased; thinks them well worth $13,000

Witness thinks when he left the shop that there was $25,000 or $30,000 worth of material on hand, but not of the articles that would likely be required for immediate use, but consisting of such articles as had accumulated, and would be in demand by the road from time to time. Witness usually had employed in the shop from 35 to 65 hands and about as many on the road. Sometimes he would have in his entire department 150 hands, including engineers, firemen, wood-passers, etc. Witness has no doubt but the force employed by Mr. Mullen, in February and March, was necessary, as a very heavy business was done by the road. Witness says the three old engines exchanged for two good ones last year was a good transaction for the road, also the sale of the four old engines was for the interest of the road, as they were too old and worn to be of much service. All these transactions were made with the approval of the Governor. When Wallace increased his pay to $3,000 per annum, which salary he received until he left the road.

W. T. Farnsworth sworn.—Says he was formerly foreman in the Car Shop of the Western and Atlantic Railroad during Hulbert's administration. He got $4.25 per day, but since February 1st, 1870, witness has received $5. A part of the time there has been no superintendent of the Car Shop. Under Hulbert's administration the usual number of hands employed in the Car Factory was from 60 to 90. During this year, Josiah Sherman was appointed Superintendent of the Car Shop for about forty days. During this time, the force was increased to 140, which prioness thinks unnecessarily large, and has since been reduced. Witness is now in the employment of the road, nor has witness any connection with Walter Withers in his foundry.

N. P. Hotchkiss recalled.—Says he received a salary of $3,000 per annum, which was fixed by former administration, and says his duties are to examine and approve all accounts against the road before they are paid; says arents make a duplicate report, one to the Superintendent and one to the book-keeper. Witness says he has approved the following amounts for the months named:

October, 1869	$240,397 76
November, 1869	240,427 45
December, 1869	249,259 98
Total	$730,085 19
January, 1870	$260,941 31
February, 1870	274,474 94
March, 1870	302,383 10
Total	$837,799 45
Increase amount paid out	$107,714 26

The clock in the people having struck one, the CHAIRMAN declared the committee adjourned.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proceedings of Council.

ATLANTA, June 10, 1870.

Council met. Present—Hon. W. Ezzard, Mayor, and a full Board of Aldermen, except Alderman Castleberry.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Of Lewis Schofield, for permission to lay a sidewalk in front of residence on Peachtree street. Granted.

Of John H. James, asking that a check be passed up for $300 for damages accrued in opening Church street. Granted.

Of T. D. Lyons, stating that Policeman Barry had refused to arrest a fugitive from justice when pointed out by him. Referred to Police Committee.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

On Fire Department, favorable to granting petition of Tallulah Fire Company for loan of $3,500 in bonds to build a new engine house. Action postponed until next meeting.

Street—Favorable on petition for culverts at the junction of Marietta and Walton streets, costing $378. Adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Murphy—adopted.

Resolved, That the Clerk of Council be authorized to employ a competent assistant, to be under the supervision of his Honor the Mayor and Clerk, to have all deeds, contracts, covenants, and all other papers of value particularly prepared for that purpose, the salary of said assistant to be affixed by the Finance Committee, until after all important documents are recorded, after which it shall be the duty of the Clerk of Council to have all similar documents properly entered.

By Alderman Murphy—

Resolved, That the Committee on Wells, Pumps, and Cisterns be authorized to take such action as may be necessary and prudent in regard to furnishing the city with a supply of water for a population of not less than 100,000 inhabitants, and further, to have all surveys made that may be necessary to demonstrate the practicability of the same; also, to have estimates made as to the cost, and receive propositions from responsible parties and report to Council as soon as the importance of the subject will justify.

By Alderman Fowler—Lost.

Resolved, That the Marshal and Deputy Marshal be required to read, or have read, all dispatches received by them to the negative police force, where the apprehension of transgressors are required by said dispatches.

By Alderman O'Keefe—adopted.

Resolved, That in consequence of the increased expenditures of the city, for the present year, on account of the Fair and interest on the Air-Line Railroad bonds, this Council will open no more streets during the balance of the year, involving the payment of damages

TAX ORDINANCE.

Alderman O'Keefe moved to reconsider so much of that ordinance as requires payment of Registry Tax in advance, and to authorize the issuing of license for six months. Motion lost.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Communication relative to Asphaltum pavement, received. On motion of Alderman O'Keefe, the whole subject was tabled.

Leave of absence for 20 days from 15th instant, granted Dr. Charles Pinckney, city physician. In his absence, Dr. J. A. Dunn will fulfill his duties.

M. E. Rawson appointed assessor on damages from opening Oak street, in lieu of J. R. Wallace, declined.

Bill of L. J. Glenn & Son referred to Finance Committee.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Recommending the payment of the following bills. Adopted.

Street Pay Roll	$ 297 00
W. W. McAfee, "	380 06
Stephens, Flynn & Co., Streets	109 38
W. C. Anderson, Relief	3 00
A. Connolly "	2 40
John Ryan "	94 51
J. T. Hagan "	8 00
Mrs. Johnson "	2 00
Mrs. Kelson "	4 00
Fanny Mills "	2 00
P. Fitzgibbon "	2 00
R. Crawford "	1 00
W. T. Langford, Alms House	45 00
M. Mahoney " "	71 43
Dr. C. Pinckney, Salary	225 06
G. Pittman, Wells and Pumps	8 00
E. Parsons, Coal	3 40
J. O'Shields, Cemetery	2 00
Cemetery Pay Roll	60 00
Atlanta Gas Company	495 75
S. B. Love, Incidentals	35 90
F. T. Ryan "	1 00
Total	$2,635 68

Council then adjourned.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Cotton firm; sales 1,000 bales; middling uplands 22¼; Orleans 22⅜. Flour firmer; Superfine State 5 20a 5 35; common to fair extra Southern 6 20 7 00. Wheat active; winter red and amber State 1 42a1 45. Corn a shade firmer; new mixed western 1 02a1 09; yellow 1 12. Beef quiet. Mess Pork 30 75. Lard quiet and steady. Whisky 1 05a1 06. Groceries quiet and steady. Turpentine 38½. Rosin, strained, 2 00a2 10. Tallow active and firm. Freights steady.

Money 3a5. Sterling 9¾a9¾. Gold 1 13¼ a1 13⅜. Governments ⅛ lower. Southern closed quiet.

LATER.—Money easy; discounts 6a7. Exchange dull but steady. Gold dull and heavy. Governments closed dull and weak: about ¼ off since noon; sixes of 81s, coupons, 18; 62s 12; 64s 11⅜; 65s 11½; new 13⅜; ⅞s 13¾; 68s 13¾; 10-40s 8½. Southerns opened firm; principal dealings in new Tennessees; during the afternoon quiet and steady, closing the same. Tennessees 63; new 61¾. Virginias 68; new 68. Louisianas 75; new 71. Levee sixes 75; eights 92. Alabama eights 101; fives 76. Georgia sixes 88; sevens 95. North Carolinas 47, new 24¼. South Carolinas 93; new 84½.

NEW ORLEANS, June 10.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 21a21¼; sales 3,300 bales; net receipts 1,401 bales; coastwise 326—total 1,727 bales; stock 100,598 bales; net receipts for the week 6,731; exports coastwise 1,324 bales—total 8,055 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,227 bales: to Bremen 432 bales; to Malaga 1,001 bales; to France 3,154 bales; to New York 1,850 bales; to Vera Cruz 424 bales; to Boston 596 bales; sales 14,000 bales.

Flour firmer; superfine 4 87½a5 00; double extra 5 25a5 50; treble extra 5 75a 6 25. Corn advanced; mixed 1 17½; white 1 20a1 21½; Oats 68a69. Bran 1 10a1 15. Hay, prime 24 00a24 50. Pork 31 25. Bacon dull at 14½a17¾a18¾; hams 20¾a21¾. Lard, tierce 15¼a16¾; keg 18¾a19¼. Sugar, prime 11¼a11½. Molasses, prime fermenting 65a75. Whisky dull at 1 02½a 1 10.

Sterling 24¾. Sight ⅜c premium. Gold 1 13½.

CINCINNATI, June 10.—Flour firm; feeling better; family 5 75a6 00. Whisky 1 03; no buyers. Pork firm at 30 50. Corn 90a 92. Bacon unchanged. Lard 16¼.

NORFOLK, June 10.—Cotton nominal; low middlings 20; net receipts 268 bales; stock on hand 1,894 bales; receipts for the week 882 bales; exports, coastwise 814 bales; sales 150 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 10.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20¾; sales 100 bales; net receipts 302 bales; exports coastwise 294 bales; stock on hand 23,880 bales of uplands; sea island 429 bales; receipts for the week 2,739 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,737 bales; to the continent 1,135 bales; coastwise 1,334 bales; sales 2 000 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 10.—Cotton firm; middlings 21; sales 100 bales; receipts 273 bales; exports coastwise 150 bales; stock on hand 9,302 bales; receipts for the week 1,185 bales; exports coastwise 1,185 bales; sales 1,821 bales.

WILMINGTON, June 10.—Cotton steady at 20½; receipts of the week 615 bales; exports coastwise 245 bales; sales 100 bales; stock on hand 618 bales.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 22; net receipts for the week 150 bales; coastwise 509 bales; sales 810 bales; stock 3,895 bales.

BOSTON, June 10.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 22¾; sales 100 bales; receipts for the week 124 bales; coastwise 3,380 bales; total 3,504 bales; exports to Great Britain 100 bales; sales 1,206 bales; stock on hand 6,000 bales.

GALVESTON, June 10.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 17¾; sales 870 bales; receipts 157 bales; exports coastwise 850 bales; stock on hand 26,874 bales; receipts for the week to Great Britain 1,220 bales; receipts 1,033 bales; sales 12,000 bales.

MOBILE, June 10.—Cotton firm; middlings 20¾; sales 750 bales; net receipts 758 bales; exports to New Orleans 262 bales; stock 34,508 bales; receipts for the week 3,080 bales; exports coastwise 1,639 bales; sales 4,700 bales; receipts since June 4, 336 bales, instead of 13 as reported.

PROVIDENCE, June 10.—Cotton receipts for the week 245 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 10.—Cotton firm but offerings small; sales of 80 bales; receipts 80 bales; middlings 20a20¼; sales for the week 1,347 bales: receipts 300 bales; stock 11,435 bales.

LIVERPOOL, June 10, evening.—Cotton, uplands 10⅝; Orleans 10¾all. Red winter wheat 9s 6d. Tallow 44s 3d.

LATER.—Cotton closed quiet; sales 10,000 bales; for speculation and export 2,000 bales.

HAVRE, June 10.—Cotton opened heavy.

☞ The Matrimonial News, a journal specially devoted to the dissemination of domestic news, engagements, etc., is the latest journalistic venture in London.

☞ The General Convention of the New Jerusalem Church will hold its annual meeting at Philadelphia on the 17th and 18th instant.

Local and Business Notices.

THREE REQUISITES OF HEALTH.—If all the sickly people in the world were to take to their beds, and demand medical treatment, there would not be doctors enough to attend to them, nor sufficient number of the robust to nurse them. Three conditions are absolutely essential to health, viz: a good appetite, easy digestion, and the ability to sleep soundly. Seven-eighths of the many thousands who suffer from indisposition, yet do not labor under serious disease, complain that they "can't eat," that their stomachs are "out of order," or that they "don't sleep well." For this class of ailments few persons think of calling in a physician. Nor is it necessary, inasmuch as a course of Hostetter's Bitters will certainly relieve the derangements of the stomach, the liver, and the nervous system, from which want of appetite, indigestion and sleeplessness arise. This excellent vegetable tonic and corrective is also a delightful anodyne. Insomnia (or inspacity to sleep) which has resisted all the ordinary remedies, will yield readily to a dose of this pleasant sedative taken just before retiring to rest. In ordinary medical practice it is usual to give a stomachic, an aperient, an invigorant, a soporific, or an antiseptic, as the case for the time being may seem more particularly to require; but in this grand restorative all these medicinal properties, and many others are blended in due proportion. Thus, the digestion is stimulated, while the bowels are regulated, the liver toned, the strength recruited, the nerves calmed, the fluids purified, and the circulation equalized. It is believed that there is no other restorative and regulating medicine in the world which acts so beneficially and agreeably upon all the assimilating and secretive organs at the same time; and to all who lack the three fundamental requisites of health and enjoyment, a vigorous appetite, sound digestion, and refreshing sleep, it is confidently recommended as a specific.

je7-deodlw&w1t.

"BARRETT'S" Indispensable Hair Restorative.

ALL Barbers use "Barrett's."

"BARRETT'S" took the Silver Medal.

"BARRETT'S" keeps the scalp clean.

"BARRETT'S" don't stain the skin.

je7-dlw

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.

feb20-tf

QUESTION—Mrs. B., where can I fill this bill of Millinery and Dry Goods, etc.?

Answer—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Boots—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood."

je5-d3m

Read What the Delmonica of the South says:

Messrs. McBride & Co.: We have given the Eureka Coffee Pot a fair trial. Its merits far excel our expectations. Simple in its construction, the help find no difficulty in its use. Its condensing apparatus works like a charm, retaining all the strength and aroma of the coffee.

It is the Coffee Pot of the age.

Respectfully,

Pease and his Wife.

Kerosene, warranted to lie 110 degrees fire test, for 40 cents per gallon, at McBride & Co.'s.

Diamond Oil, 190 degrees, for 75 cents.

apr10-dtf

FOUND.—One of the most important combinations known to the Medical world, Greene's Dyspepsia Remedy, a certain, safe and sure cure for Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Indigestion, etc. For sale only by

W. A. LANSDELL.

Wholesale Druggist and General Agent.

may11-1m.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. feb28-d&w6m

DR. HEBERN CLAFLIN, office 696 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without Knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable. Also, treats chronic diseases, consumption and all female diseases successfully.

Dr. Hebern Claflin is at the American Hotel, Atlanta, Georgia, June 1, where he will remain but a short time.

june1d&w1m

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, is only three blocks from a Methodist Church. je7-dlw

CHEROKEE ROSE.—The most delicate and exquisite Perfume. It is all that's pure and sweet. Taylor's De Orsay Cologne, a very superior article, French Bouquet Cologne, German Farina, superior Bay Rum, for sale by

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
je7 Atlanta, Ga.

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.—That poor, emaciated Consumptive, who is now beyond all hope of recovery, might now be safe and hearty had he not neglected that slight cough. Be advised, if you have a cough or cold, get at once a bottle of DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT and you will soon be relieved. Do not put it off.

je7-dlw

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER,

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. If it, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller do es for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:

No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,

Louisville, Kentucky

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

VILLANOW, Walker County, Ga., June 29, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D.'s but I see no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparrilla, and, the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.

Capt. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 30, 1866, by Mrs. Jennie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S. Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. It CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully, JENNIE JOHNSON

BULL'S CHORON BITTERS

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS.

ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.

Testimony of Medical Men

STONEY POINT, White Co., Ark., May 28, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville, purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

My son-in-law, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health, tried them, and he is improved.

Dr. Cadle, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. Indeed, the Cedron Bitters are getting a great name, particularly in this settlement. I think I could sell a great quantity of your medicines this fall, especially of your Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla. Shall see you via Memphis, care Richard & Noyes.

Respectfully, C. B. WALKER.

All the above remedies for sale by

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DRUGGIST,

WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GEORGIA

Prospectus of The

TRUE GEORGIAN!

ATLANTA, GA., May 12, 1870.

GOVERNOR SAMUEL BARD:

DEAR SIR—Permit us, friends and Georgians, to say to you that you are about to leave the State at a time when she needs the help of every attached citizen.

For journalism, you have shown peculiar capacity. Bringing into life, at a critical period in our history, the Atlanta Daily Era, as its lone editor, you skillfully steered between those who republicanism was never broad enough to embrace anything beyond themselves, and that class of Democrats who could not imagine such a being as an honest, patriotic Republican. It was a role difficult to play, but you acted it well.

That fight is not yet over. You must not abandon the field. Start forthwith a daily journal in this city, and help to save our noble State from those who have conspired to ruin it.

Should you go to Utah, our best wishes attend you; but in the enterprise we allude to, we pledge our friendly assistance. Let us hear from you.

Very respectfully, your friends,

THOMAS P. SAFFOLD,
JOSHUA HILL,
A. AUSTELL,
A. G. FOSTER, and others.

Yielding to the solicitations of friends, as set forth in the above and other letters, and in whose judgment and patriotism I have full confidence, and to the promptings of duty to Georgia, the State of my adoption, in her hour of severe trial, I have resigned the high office at position to which I was nominated by the President, and confirmed by the Senate. And notwithstanding it opened to me an inviting field for honorable action, with a prospect of future promotion, I have determined to resume my profession as a journalist, and my place as a private citizen, to link my destiny indissolubly with the people of Georgia.

No people were ever more unjustly and cruelly misrepresented by those they had honored with high official stations; nor were a subjected to a selfishness that threatens to engulf them in bankruptcy, ruin and disgrace.

Violations of law, such as occur almost daily in other States, and having no political significance whatever, are seized upon here, distorted, and rudely dragged into the political arena, accompanied with groundless statements to impress the minds of those in authority at Washington, with the belief that the spirit of rebellion is still rampant in Georgia; and that it is essential to the peace of the state, and the safety of loyal citizens, and the preservation of a State Republican party, that the present State officials should be clothed with absolute powers, and continued in office two years beyond the term for which they were elected. These scandalous misrepresentations have had the effect, intended by their authors, upon many intelligent minds, not well informed as to the true condition of affairs in this State, and, therefore, ignorant of the wicked motives originating these stories and giving them circulation.

In a state of profound peace and quiet, with nothing to justify extraordinary expenditures, the taxes of the people of Georgia are more than doubled, and the expense of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the State government are frightfully increased.

The State debt, which, after the repudiation of the war debt, was little more than nominal, threatens soon to become a startling sum; while the entire property and labor of the State is being pledged for the extinguishment of a public burden, created by incompetent and morally imbecile officials, who, for personal ends, are ready to entail poverty upon a people whose interests it is their duty to guard and protect.

The State Railroad, which, under former administrations, was an unfailing source of large and constant revenue, though its gross receipts have greatly increased, has almost ceased to contribute to the State treasury. The road, meanwhile, suffers for want of necessary repairs, and is actually looked upon as unsafe and dangerous. This culpable neglect may create or strengthen an argument in favor of its sale. Such a disposition of this great public work, would be apt to benefit the agents or officials to whom the sale might be entrusted.

To enable me to enter the field, entirely untrammelled, as the uncompromising opponent of this systematized outrage upon a people and wrong, I have cast aside official position, and have determined to establish, in the city of Atlanta, "THE TRUE GEORGIAN," as the advocate of the rights and interests of the whole people of the State.

The "TRUE GEORGIAN" stands upon a firm basis, backed by all the capital necessary in connection with a just cause, to insure success. It will neither ask for, nor accept patronage from the present State government. It will expose and condemn, without fear or favor, all official corruption, and every act at war with the best interest of the State.

One great object of the Editor and Manager of "THE TRUE GEORGIAN," will be to unite, upon a common platform, the patriotic, the wise, and the good of all parties, races, classes, and denominations, for the deliverance of the State from the thraldom imposed by a corrupt administration, to rescue the treasury, and preserve the public credit.

For the accomplishment of these great purposes, I invoke for "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" an extensive circulation and liberal patronage, and respectfully invite the friendly sympathy and support of all who desire a just and economical administration of the State government.

Discarding past differences, let all good citizens meet on common ground; let them see to it, that the laws are faithfully and impartially executed, without regard to race or color, and unflinchingly rebuke official corruption, intolerance, lawlessness, and crime, of every character and description.

As no Presidential election is pending, and no great measure of National policy is now before the people, and regarding with solicitude the peculiar position of the State, its peace and prosperity imperilled by those whose duty it was to watch over and preserve them, I consider the present not a fit time to distract the popular mind with the discussion of National politics. When necessary, National affairs shall receive their proper share of attention.

In conclusion, I need only remark that as Universal Suffrage has been prescribed by the National Government, and accepted by the whole people of the South, Universal Amnesty should follow, as the wisest and best measure for the promotion of harmony, and the hearty reunion of all sections in one common brotherhood. "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" will earnestly advocate this great measure as one of justice, magnanimity, and wise statesmanship.

With this announcement of my motives and aims, I again embark in the profession of journalism, resolved to devote my best energies to the welfare and happiness of the people of Georgia and of the whole country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

Daily, per annum	$10 00
" six months	5 00
" three months	2 50
" one month	1 00
Weekly, per annum	2 00
" six months	1 00

N. B.—WE SEND THIS PROSPECTUS TO our friends throughout the State and Country, with the hope that they will earnestly interest themselves in this important enterprise, which has for its object the good of all the people of Georgia; and that they will forward us a list of subscribers as soon after the receipt of this as possible.

The first number of "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" will be issued on or about the first of July, 1870. No effort will be spared to issue the paper at an earlier day if possible.

Our brethren of the Daily and Weekly Press throughout the country, will do us a great kindness by placing "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" upon their Exchange List, as I forwarding their newspapers immediately.

All letters should be addressed to

SAMUEL BARD,
june8-d4t ATLANTA, GA.

MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

$5.000 TO $15,000 worth of NEW Goods in original packages. Dress Goods, Trimmings, etc., at New York prices and costs, for good renting property in Atlanta or Macon at Cash prices. Address

EXCHANGE BOX 134,
june8-dtf Atlanta P. O.

Carpets and Curtains.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES AND CORNICES,

RUGS, MATS, ETC., ETC.

Closing out our immense Stock at a vast reduction in price.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON,
june8-dtf Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS

FOR A

General Passenger Depot

AT

ATLANTA, GA.

THE Undersigned, in behalf of the various railroads centering in Atlanta, Ga., will receive Proposals, accompanied with plans and specifications, for

A FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER DEPOT,

to be 252 feet long, 120 feet wide. Ground plan to be arranged for Baggage Room, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Sitting Rooms, Ticket Offices, Restaurant, Express Office, with Wash Room, Water Closets, etc., in complete order. All of said rooms to be on one side of depot. Everything above the foundation to be furnished, and finished by contractors.

Plans for stone, brick or iron, will be considered.

All plans and estimates to be submitted on or before June 20th, 1870, and building to be completed on or before October 20th, 1870.

FOSTER BLODGETT,
Supt. Western and Atlantic Railroad.

A. J. WHITE,
President Macon and Western Railroad.

R. W. COLE,
Gen. Supt. Georgia Railroad Banking Co.

L. P. GRANT,
Supt. Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Proposals should be directed to Foster Blodgett, Superintendent Western and Atlantic Railroad, Atlanta, Ga.

The following named papers will please publish one week, daily, and send bill to Superintendent Western and Atlantic Railroad, Atlanta, Ga: New York World; Press, Philadelphia; Courier-Journal, Louisville; American, Baltimore; Chronicle, Augusta. june8-dlw

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—P. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 10 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 50 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P M
Arrives at Cartersville	8 17 P M
Leaves Cartersville	6 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 A M

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD.—T. Markham, Superintendent; JOHN P. KING, President; R. P. GRANT, Superintendent; R. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:20 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:50 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:25 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3:30 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	2:30 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:00 A. M.

☞ SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., May 12th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as fol ows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.15 A M
Leave Atlanta	7.00 A M
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	7.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Aug

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 11.

ANOTHER shower of rain fell last night.

THE Diamond Hill property will be sold to-day by Messrs. Bell & Hammond.

DERBY HARRIS is able to ride out on horseback, though unable to walk.

THERE is not a single inmate in the calaboose.

OUR genial friend W. D. Ellis, local of the Intelligencer, left for South Carolina last night.

WILLIAM WOOD, on Broad street, is carrying on the Upholstering business. Furniture repaired and made to look as good as new.

THE funeral of C. W. Eeds, printer, will take place from the residence of Mrs. Kile, on Calhoun street, at 4½ o'clock this afternoon.

COLONEL ADAIR, yesterday, sold the 50 acre lot, three miles from the city, on the Peachtree Road, to Judge John D. Pope, for $1,476.

DR. E. J. ROACH is about to commence the construction of a three story brick store on Whitehall street, opposite the Petro Oil Depot.

SENATOR HOLCOMBE, of Milton, is in the city, as Robustious as ever. He reports fine wheat crops and good rains in his section.

HAGAN opens a new fruit and vegetable stand on the corner of Railroad Block and Whitehall crossing to-day. Mr. Gregg is the genial and live salesman.

A STATE Road engine halted at Whitehall crossing yesterday evening for the want of "grease." Ha! "we boys" took all the grease for themselves?

WILL the Railroad Investigating Committee compare the official report of Supervisor A. L. Harris to Superintendent Hulbert with his statement before them, and balance them.

WHY are not Hon. J. M. Spurlock, John Harden, Esq., and Z. B. Hargrove, Esq., brought before the Railroad Investigating Committee and questioned about the Beck matter?

ABOUT one-half of the business cards in Lines & Smith's State Fair Business Frames have been taken by our merchants. We advise those wishing to secure cards to apply early. Leave orders at Rendeau & Co's. furniture store.

PROFESSOR WILLET and eleven of the senior class of Mercer University came up from Stone Mountain yesterday, inspected the Gas Works and other objects of interest, and had their pictures took by Kuhn.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.—S. R. McCamy & Son and R. P. Zimmerman have formed a copartnership in the Real Estate business, and offer their services to the public. Messrs. McCamy & Zimmerman are thoroughly posted and will do their level best to benefit their patrons.

THE ODD FELLOWS' EXCURSION.—The picnic of the Odd Fellows yesterday, to Vinings, was one of the most agreeable and cosy affairs of the season. The crowd was not as large as had been expected, but this was rather an advantage in the way of social enjoyment, fun and frolic.

Choice refreshments, solid and fluid luxuries, were plentiful. Prof. Hensler's excellent band furnished the charms of music, and Terpischore certainly never had more enthusiastic devotees than those assembled in the cool groves of Vining's.

The excursion party returned before dark to the Gate City, apparently in the best of humor with themselves and the world at large, nothing in the least calculated to mar the festivities of the day having occurred.

SUPREME COURT—*Morning Session*—ATLANTA, GA., June 10, 1870—Argument was concluded in No. 31, Fataula District.

The Court went back and called the cases heretofore passed over.

Henry G. Feagan, sheriff, vs. John W. Avre. Rule against sheriff, from Stewart.

E. H. Bell for plaintiff in error, Ingman & Crawford, M. Giles for defendant, was a continued case. It was dismissed for want of prosecution.

No. 1 was dismissed for want of prosecution.

It is D. H. Baldwin & Co. for the use of W. M. Moses vs. Wm. J. Brown, sheriff. Rule from Quitman.

G. J. Moses for plaintiff in error.

M. Fielder, L. Gonake, for defendant.

No. 3 was argued. It is Thomas Ozmore vs. Percy Ann Ozmore. Alimony, from Randolph.

E. L. Douglass, Wood & Kiddoo, for plaintiff in error.

B. S. Worrill, for defendant.

No. 5 is Jacob L. Cobb vs. F. B. Morris, et. al executors. Motion for new trial from Randolph.

B. S Worrill, J. S. Wimberly, for plaintiff in error.

H. Fielder for defendants.

Pending the reading of the record, Court adjourned till 4 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

Argument was resumed in No. 5, Fataula Circuit. At its conclusion, Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

ROOMS WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD, INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.
FRIDAY, June 10, 1870.

Committee met. The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

J. H. Flynn sworn—Says he held the position of Master Machinist from 1867 until the 1st of January last, except during the time the General Government had possession of the Western and Atlantic Railroad. Never heard any complaint about the condition of the road in 1869 from engineers or any one else. Remembers of no run offs occurs or any one else. Some cars ran off during the year of engines. The engines were in fair order when witness left the road; they had been in better condition; the very heavy business which had been done for the last five months, and the peculiar construction of the road, being so many reverse curves, throwing the weight of the engines suddenly from one side to the other, necessarily told heavily upon the rolling stock, but generally they were in working order. Many of them were old and had to be frequently repaired. Some of them needed repairs when witness left the shop. Witness is satisfied that it requires 50 per cent. more labor to keep up the machinery on the Western and Atlantic Railroad (from the reasons given) than any road South of this; thinks the four new engines contracted for by M. F. Blodgett, some of which witness has seen, are first-class engines and were well purchased; thinks them well worth $15,000.

Witness thinks when he left the shop that there was $25,000 or $30,000 worth of material on hand, but not of the articles that would likely be required for immediate use, but consisting of such articles as had accumulated, and would be in demand by the road from time to time. Witness usually had employed in the shop from 35 to 65 hands and about as many on the road. Sometimes he would have in his entire department 150 hands, including engineers, firemen, wood-passers, etc. Witness has no doubt but the force employed by Mr. Mullen, in February and March, was necessary, as a very heavy business was done by the road. Witness says the three old engines exchanged for two good ones last year was a good transaction for the road, also the sale of the four old engines was for the interest of the road, as they were too old and worn to be of much service. All these transactions were made with the approval of the Governor. When mess received, after the war, $2,500 until Major Wallace increased his pay to $3,000 per annum, which salary he received until he left the road.

W. T. Farnsworth sworn—Says he was formerly foreman in the Car Shop of the Western and Atlantic Railroad during Hulbert's administration. He got $4 85 per day, but since February 1st, 1870, has been receiving $5. A part of the time there has been no superintendent of the Car Shop. Under Hulbert's administration the usual number of hands employed in the Car Factory was from 60 to 90. During this year, Josiah Sherman was appointed Superintendent of the Car Shop for about forty days. During this time, the force was increased to 140, which witness thinks unnecessarily large, and has since been reduced. Witness is now in the employment of the road, nor has witness any connection with Walter Withers in his foundry.

N. P. Hotchkiss recalled—Says he receives a salary of $3,000 per annum, which was fixed by former administration, and says his duties are to examine and approve all accounts against the road before they are paid; says agents make a duplicate report, one to the Superintendent and one to the book-keeper. Witness says he has approved the following amounts for the months named:

October, 1869	$243,391 76
November, 1869	248,627 25
December, 1869	249,279 98
Total	$740,695 19
January, 1870	$260,541 31
February, 1870	254,476 04
March, 1870	267,262 10
Total	$782,279 45

Increase amount paid out $41,584 26

The clock in the steeple having struck one, the CHAIRMAN declared the committee adjourned.

[OFFICIAL.]

Proceedings of Council.

ATLANTA, June 10, 1870.

Council met. Present—Hon. W. Ezzard, Mayor, and a full Board of Aldermen, except Alderman Castleberry.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Of Lewis Schofield, for permission to lay a sidewalk in front of residence on Peachtree street. Granted.

Of John H. James, asking that a check be passed up for $800 for damages assessed in opening Church street. Granted.

Of T. D. Lynes, stating that Policeman Barry had refused to arrest a fugitive from justice when pointed out by him. Referred to Police Committee.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

On Fire Department, favorable to granting petition of Tallulah Fire Company for loan of $3,000 in bonds to build a new engine house. Action postponed until next meeting.

Street—Favorable on petition for culverts at the junction of Marietta and Walton streets, costing $378. Adopted.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Murphy—adopted.

Resolved, That the Clerk of Council be authorized to employ a competent assistant, to be under the supervision of his Honor the Mayor and Clerk, to have all deeds, contracts, covenants, and all other papers of value particularly prepared for that purpose, the salary of said assistant to be affixed by the Finance Committee, until after all important documents are recorded, after which it shall be the duty of the Clerk of Council to have all similar documents properly entered.

By Alderman Murphy—

Resolved, That the Committee on Wells, Pumps, and Cisterns be authorized to take such action as may be necessary and prudent in regard to furnishing the city with a supply of water for a population of not less than 150,000 inhabitants, and further, to have all surveys made that may be necessary to demonstrate the practicability of the same; also, to have estimates made as to the cost, and receive propositions from responsible parties and report to Council as soon as the importance of the subject will justify.

By Alderman Fowler—Lost.

Resolved, That the Marshal and Deputy Marshal be required to read, or have read, all dispatches received by them to the entire police force, where the apprehension of transgressors are required by said dispatches.

By Alderman O'Keefe—adopted.

Resolved. That in consequence of the increased expenditures of the city, for the present year, on account of the Fair and interest on the Air-Line Railroad bonds, this Council will open no more streets during the balance of the year, involving the payment of damages

TAX ORDINANCE.

Alderman O'Keefe moved to reconsider so much of that ordinance as requires payment of Registry Tax in advance, and to authorize the issuing of license for six months. Motion lost.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Communication relative to Asphaltum pavement, received. On motion of Alderman O'Keefe, the whole subject was tabled.

Leave of absence for 20 days from 15th instant, granted Dr. Char'es Pinckney, city physician. In his absence, Dr. J. A. Dunn will fulfill his duties.

R. Rawson appointed assessor on damages from opening Oak street, in lieu of J. R. Wallace, declined.

Bill of L. J. Glenn & Son referred to Finance Committee.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Recommending the payment of the following bills. Adopted.

Street Pay Roll	$ 207 00
H. Jones, Streets	496 50
W. W. McAfee, "	380 06
Stephens, Flynn & Co., Streets	109 38
W. C. Anderson, Relief	3 00
A. Connally "	2 00
John Ryan "	91 51
J. T. Hagan "	8 00
Mrs. Johnson "	2 00
Mrs. Eaton "	4 00
Fanny Mills "	2 00
P. Fitzgibbon "	2 00
R. Crawford "	1 00
W. Y. Langford, Alms House	45 00
M. Mahoney " "	71 43
Dr. C. Pinckney, Salary	225 00
G. Pittman, Wells and Pumps	9 00
P. Parsons, Coal	3 40
J. O'Shields, Cemetery	2 00
Cemetery Pay Roll	60 00
Atlanta Gas Company	453 75
B. Love, Incidentals	35 90
F. T. Ryan "	1 00
Total	$2,635 66

Council then adjourned.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Cotton firm; sales 1,000 bales; middling uplands 22½; Orleans 22⅝. Flour firmer; Superfine State 5 20a 5 35; common to fair extra Southern 6 20 7 00. Wheat active; winter red and amber State 1 42a1 45. Corn a shade firmer; new mixed western 1 02a1 09; yellow 1 12. Beef quiet. Mess Pork 30 75. Lard quiet and steady. Whisky 1 05a1 06. Groceries quiet and steady. Turpentine 38½. Rosin, strained, 2 00a2 10. Tallow active and firm. Freights steady.

Money 3a5. Sterling 9¾a9¾. Gold 1 13¼a1 13⅜. Governments ⅛ lower. Southern closed quiet.

LATER.—Money easy; discounts 6a7. Exchange dull but steady. Gold dull and heavy. Governments closed dull and weak: about ⅛ off since noon; sixes of 81s, coupons, 18; 62s 12; 64s 11⅜; 65s 11½; new 13⅜; 67s 13¾; 68s 13¾; 10-40s 8½. Southerns opened firm; principal dealings in new Tennessees; during the afternoon quiet and steady, closing the same. Tennessees 63; new 61¾. Virginias 68; new 69. Louisianas 75; new 71. Levee sixes 75; eights 92. Alabama eights 101; fives 76. Georgia's 91—88; sevens 95. North Carolinas 47, new 24¼. South Carolinas 93; new 82½.

NEW ORLEANS, June 10.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 21a21½; sales 3,300 bales; net receipts 1,401 bales; coastwise 326—total 1,727 bales; stock 100,598 bales; net receipts for the week 6,731; exports coastwise 1,324 bales—total 8,055 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,237 bales; to Bremen 452 bales; to Malaga 1,001 bales; to France 3,154 bales; to New York 1,850 bales; to Vera Cruz 424 bales; to Boston 500 bales; sales 14,000 bales.

Flour firmer; superfine 4 87½a5 00; double extra 5 25a5 50; treble extra 5 75a6 25. Corn advanced; mixed 1 17½; white 1 20a1 21½. Oats 68a69. Bran 1 10a1 15. Hay, prime 24 00a24 50. Pork 31 25. Bacon dull at 14½a17½a18½; hams 20½a21¼. Lard, tierce 15½a16¾; keg 18½a19¼. Sugar, prime 11½a11⅝. Molasses, prime fermenting 65a75. Whisky dull at 1 02½a1 10.

Sterling 24¾. Sight ⅜c premium. Gold 1 13⅛.

CINCINNATI, June 10.—Flour firm; feeling better; family 5 75a6 00. Whisky 1 03; no buyers. Pork firm at 30 50. Corn 90a92. Bacon unchanged. Lard 16½.

NORFOLK, June 10.—Cotton nominal; low middlings 20; net receipts 268 bales; stock on hand 1,894 bales; receipts for the week 882 bales; exports, coastwise 814 bales; sales 150 bales.

SAVANNAH, June 10.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20½; sales 100 bales; net receipts 302 bales; exports coastwise 294 bales; stock on hand 22,880 bales of uplands; sea island 429 bales; receipts for the week 2,739 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,737 bales; to the continent 1,135 bales; coastwise 1,334 bales; sales 2 000 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 10.—Cotton firm; middlings 21½ sales 100 bales; receipts 273 bales; exports coastwise 150 bales; stock on hand 9,302 bales; receipts for the week 1,185 bales; exports coastwise 1,135 bales; sales 1,831 bales.

WILMINGTON, June 10.—Cotton steady at 20½; receipts of the week 615 bales; exports coastwise 245 bales; sales 100 bales; stock on hand 618 bales.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—Cotton quiet and firm; middlings 22; net receipts for the week 150 bales; coastwise 500 bales; sales 810 bales; stock 3,895 bales.

BOSTON, June 10.—Cotton quiet and steady; middlings 23¾; sales 100 bales; receipts for the week 124 bales; coastwise 3,380 bales; total 3,504 bales; exports to Great Britain 100 bales; sales 1,200 bales; stock on hand 6,000 bales.

GALVESTON, June 10.—Cotton firm; good ordinary 17¾; sales 370 bales; receipts 157 bales; exports coastwise 350 bales; stock on hand 26,874 bales; receipts for the week to Great Britain 1,220 bales; receipts 1,033 bales; sales 12,000 bales.

MOBILE, June 10.—Cotton firm; middlings 23¾; sales 750 bales; net receipts 758 bales; exports to New Orleans 262 bales; stock 34,508 bales; receipts for the week 2,080 bales; exports coastwise 1,650 bales; sales 4,700 bales; receipts since June 4, 236 bales, instead of 12, as reported.

PROVIDENCE, June 10.—Cotton receipts for the week 245 bales.

AUGUSTA, June 10.—Cotton firm but offerings small; sales of 80 bales; receipts 50 bales; middlings 20a20¼; sales for the week 1,347 bales; receipts 300 bales; stock 11,455 bales.

LIVERPOOL, June 10, evening.—Cotton, uplands 10⅝; Orleans 10¾all. Red winter wheat 9s 6d. Tallow 44s 3d.

LATER.—Cotton closed quiet; sales 10,000 bales; for speculation and export 3,000 bales.

HAVRE, June 10.—Cotton opened heavy.

The Matrimonial News, a journal specially devoted to the dissemination of domestic news, engagements, etc., is the latest journalistic venture in London.

The General Convention of the New Jerusalem Church of the United States will hold its annual meeting at Philadelphia on the 17th and 18th instant.

Local and Business Notices.

THREE REQUISITES OF HEALTH.—If all the sickly people in the world were to take to their beds, and demand medical treatment, there would not be doctors enough to attend to them, nor sufficient number of the robust to nurse them. Three conditions are absolutely essential to health, viz: a good appetite, easy digestion, and the ability to sleep soundly. Seven-eighths of the many thousands who suffer from indisposition, yet do not labor under serious disease, complain that they "can't eat," that their stomachs are "out of order," or that they "don't sleep well." For this class of ailments few persons think of calling in a physician. Nor is it necessary, inasmuch as a course of Hostetter's Bitters will certainly relieve the derangements of the stomach, the liver, and the nervous system, from which want of appetite, indigestion and sleeplessness arise. This excellent vegetable tonic and corrective is also a delightful anodyne. Insomnia (or incapacity to sleep) which has resisted all the ordinary remedies, will yield readily to a dose of this pleasant sedative taken just before retiring to rest. In ordinary medical practice it is usual to give a stomachic, an aperient, an invigorant, a soporific, or an antiseptic, as the case for the time being may seem more particularly to require; but in this grand restorative all these medicinal properties, and many others are blended in due proportion. Thus, the digestion is stimulated, while the bowels are regulated, the liver toned, the strength recruited, the nerves calmed, the fluids purified, and the circulation equalized. It is believed that there is no other restorative and regulating medicine in the world which acts so beneficially and agreeably upon all the assimilating and secretive organs at the same time; and to all who lack the three fundamental requisites of health and enjoyment, a vigorous appetite, sound digestion, and refreshing sleep, it is confidently recommended as a specific.

je7-deod1w&wlt.

"BARRETT'S" Indispensable Hair Restorative.

ALL Barbers use "Barrett's."

"BARRETT'S" took the Silver Medal.

"BARRETT'S" keeps the scalp clean.

"BARRETT'S" don't stain the skin.

je7-d1w

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.

feb20-tf

QUESTION—Mrs. B., where can I fill this bill of Millinery and Dry Goods, etc.?

Answer—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Bootees—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

CONSULT your welfare and read the advertisement headed "Bad Blood."

je5-d3m

Read What the Delmonico of the South says:

Messrs. McBride & Co.: We have given the Eureka Coffee Pot a fair trial. Its merits far excel our expectations. Simple in its construction, the help find no difficulty in its use. Its condensing apparatus works like a charm, retaining all the strength and aroma of the coffee.

It is the Coffee Pot of the age.

Respectfully,

Pease and his Wife.

Kerosene, warranted to lie 110 degrees fire test, for 40 cents per gallon, at McBride & Co's.

Diamond Oil, 190 degrees, for 75 cents.

apr10-dtf

FOUND.—One of the most important combinations known to the Medical world, Greene's Dyspepsia Remedy, a certain, safe and sure cure for Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Indigestion, etc. For sale only by

W. A. LANSDELL.
Wholesale Druggist and General Agent.
may11-1m.

From the Norfolk Daily Journal, Dec. 11, 1869.]

KOSKOO.—This medicine is rapidly gaining the confidence of the people, and the numerous testimonials of its virtues, given by practitioners of medicine, leaves no doubt that it is a safe and reliable remedy for impurity of the blood, liver disease, etc.

The last Medical Journal contains an article from Prof. R. S. Newton, M. D., President of the E. Medical College, city of New York, that speaks in high terms of its curative properties, and gives a special recommendation of Koskoo to the practitioners of medicine. This is, we believe, the first instance where such medicines have been officially endorsed by the Faculty of any of the medical colleges, and reflects great credit upon the skill of Dr. Lawrence, its compounder, and also puts "Koskoo" in the van of all other medicines of the present day. feb26-d&w6m

DR. HEBERN CLAFLIN, office 696 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable. Also, treats chronic diseases, consumption and all female diseases successfully.

Dr. Hebern Claflin is at the American Hotel, Atlanta, Georgia, June 1, where he will remain but a short time.

june1d&w1m

THE United States Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, is only three blocks from a Methodist Church. je7-d1w

CHEROKEE ROSE.—The most delicate and exquisite Perfume. It is all that's pure and sweet. Taylor's De Orsay Cologne, a very superior article, French Bouquet Cologne, German Farina, superior Bay Rum, for sale by

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.
je7 Atlanta, Ga.

DEBATS ARE DANGEROUS.—That poor, emaciated Consumptive, who is now beyond all hope of recovery, might now be hale and hearty had he not neglected that slight cough. Be advised, if you have a cough or cold, get at once a bottle of DR. TUTT'S EXPECTORANT and you will soon be relieved. Do not put it off.

je7-d1w

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. JOHN BULL'S Great Remedies.

DR. JOHN BULL,

Manufacturer and Vendor of the Celebrated

Smith's Tonic Syrup,

FOR THE CURE OF

AGUE AND FEVER,

—OR—

Chills and Fever.

The proprietor of this celebrated medicine justly claims for it a superiority over all remedies ever offered to the public for the safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure of Ague and Fever, or Chills and Fever, whether of short or long standing. He refers to the entire Western and Southwestern country to bear him testimony to the truth of the assertion, that in no case whatever will it fail to cure, if the directions are strictly followed and carried out. In a great many cases a single dose has been sufficient for a cure, and whole families have been cured by a single bottle, with a perfect restoration of the general health. It is, however, prudent, and in every case more certain to cure, if its use is continued in smaller do-es for a week or two after the disease has been checked, more especially in difficult and long-standing cases. Usually, this medicine will not require any aid to keep the bowels in good order; should the patient, however, require a cathartic medicine, after having taken three or four doses of the Tonic, a single dose of BULL'S VEGETABLE FAMILY PILLS will be sufficient.

Dr. JOHN BULL'S Principal Office:

No. 40 Fifth Cross Street,

Louisville, Kentucky

Bull's Worm Destroyer.

To my United States and World-wide Readers.

I have received many testimonials from professional and medical men, as my almanacs and various publications have shown, all of which are genuine. The following letter from a highly educated and popular physician in Georgia, is certainly one of the most sensible communications I have ever received. Dr. Clement knows exactly what he speaks of, and his testimony deserves to be written in letters of gold. Hear what the Doctor says of BULL'S WORM DESTROYER:

VILLANOW, Walker County, Ga., June 20, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: I have recently given your "Worm Destroyer" several trials, and find it wonderfully efficacious. It has not failed in a single instance to have the wished for effect. I am doing a pretty large country practice, and have daily use for some article of the kind. I am free to confess that I know of no remedy recommended by the ablest authors that is so certain and speedy in its effects. On the contrary, they are uncertain in the extreme. My object in writing you is to find out upon what terms I can get the medicine direct from you. If I can get it upon easy terms, I shall use a great deal of it. I am aware that the use of such articles is contrary to the teachings and practice of a great majority of the regular line M. D's but I see no just cause or good sense in discarding a remedy which we know to be efficient, simply because we may be ignorant of its combination. For my part, I shall make it a rule to use all and any means to alleviate suffering humanity which I may be able to command—not hesitating because some one more ingenious than myself may have learned its effects first, and secured the sole right to secure that knowledge. However, I am by no means an advocate or supporter of the thousands of worthless nostrums that flood the country, that purport to cure all manner of disease to which human flesh is heir. Please reply soon, and inform me of your best terms. I am, sir, most respectfully,

JULIUS P. CLEMENT M. D

Bull's Sarsaparilla.

A Good Reason for the Captain's Faith.

READ THE CAPTAIN'S LETTER AND THE LETTER FROM HIS MOTHER.

BENTON BARRACK'S, Mo., April 30, 1866.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Knowing the efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, and the healing and beneficial qualities it possesses, I send you the following statement of my case.

I was wounded two years ago—was taken prisoner and confined for sixteen months. Being moved so often, my wounds have not healed yet. I have not set up a moment since I was wounded. I am shot through the hips. My general health is impaired, and I need something to assist nature. I have more faith in your Sarsaparilla than in anything else. I wish that that is genuine. Please express me half a dozen bottles, and oblige.

Capt. C. P. JOHNSON,
St. Louis, Mo.

P. S.—The following was written April 20, 1865, by Mrs. Jeanie Johnson, mother of Captain Johnson:

DR. BULL—Dear Sir: My husband, Dr. C. S Johnson, was a skillful surgeon and physician in Central New York, where he died, leaving the above C. P. Johnson to my care. At thirteen years of age he had a chronic diarrhœa and scrofula, for which I gave him your Sarsaparilla. IT CURED HIM. I have for ten years recommended it to many in New York, Ohio and Iowa, for scrofula, fever sores and general debility. Perfect success has attended it. The cures effected in some cases of scrofula and fever sores were almost miraculous. I am very anxious for my son to again have recourse to your Sarsaparilla. He is fearful of getting a spurious article, hence his writing to you for it. His wounds were terrible, but I believe he will recover.

Respectfully JEANIE JOHNSON

BULL'S CEDRON BITTERS

AUTHENTIC DOCUMENTS.

ARKANSAS HEARD FROM.

Testimony of Medical Men

STONEY POINT, White Co., Ark., May 31, 1869.

DR. JOHN BULL—Dear Sir: Last February I was in Louisville purchasing drugs, and I got some of your Sarsaparilla and Cedron Bitters.

If you will allow me, who was with me in the store, has been down with rheumatism for some time, commenced on the Bitters, and soon found his general health was improved.

Dr. Gist, who has been in bad health, tried them, and he also improved.

Dr. Sadler, who has been in bad health for several years—stomach and liver affected—he improved very much by the use of your Bitters. Indeed, the Cedron Bitters has given you great popularity in this settlement. I think I could sell a great quantity of your medicines this fall, especially of your Cedron Bitters and Sarsaparilla. Ship me via Memphis, care Rickett & Neal's.

Respectfully, C. B. WALKER.

All the above remedies for sale by

L. H. BRADFIELD,
DRUGGIST,
WHITEHALL STREET ATLANTA GEORGIA
apr8-3tawdtf

Prospectus of The TRUE GEORGIAN!

ATLANTA, Ga., May 12, 1870.

GOVERNOR SAMUEL BARD:

DEAR SIR—Permit us, friends and Georgians, to say to you that you are s' out to leave the State at a time when she needs the help of every attached citizen.

For journalism, you have shown peculiar capacity. Bringing into life, at a critical period in our history, the Atlanta New Era, as its late editor, you skillfully steered between those whose Republicanism was never broad enough to embrace anything beyond themselves, and that class of Democrats who could not imagine such a being as an honest, patriotic Republican. It was a role difficult to play, but you acted it well.

That fight is not yet over. You must not abandon the field. Start forthwith a daily journal in this city, and help to save our noble State from those who have conspired to ruin it.

Should you go to Idaho, our best wishes attend you; but in the enterprise we allude to, we pledge our friendly assistance. Let us hear from you.

Very respectfully, your friends,

THOMAS P. SAFFOLD,
JOSHUA HILL,
A. AUSTELL,
A. G. FOSTER, and others.

Yielding to the solicitations of friends, as set forth in the above and other letters, and in whose judgment and patriotism I have full confidence, and to the promptings of duty to Georgia, the State of my adoption, in her hour of severe trial, I have resigned the high office at position to which I was nominated by the Presidents, and confirmed by the Senate. And notwithstanding it opened to me an inviting field for honorable action, with a prospect of future promotion, I have determined to resume my profession as a journalist, and my place as a private citizen, to link my destiny indissolubly with the people of Georgia.

No people were ever more unjustly and cruelly misrepresented by those they had honored with high official stations; nor were subjected to a selfishness that threatens to engulf them in bankruptcy, ruin and disgrace.

Violations of law, such as occur almost daily in other States, and having no political significance whatever, are seized upon here, distorted, and rudely dragged into the political arena, accompanied with groundless statements, to impress the minds of those in authority at Washington, with the belief that the spirit of rebellion is still rampant in Georgia; and that it is essential to the peace of the State, and the safety of loyal citizens, and the preservation of a State Republican party, that the present state officials should be clothed with absolute powers, and continued in office two years beyond the term for which they were elected. These scandalous misrepresentations have had the effect, intended by their authors, upon many intelligent minds, not well informed as to the true condition of affairs in this State, and, therefore, ignorant of the wicked motives originating these stories and giving them circulation.

In a state of profound peace and quiet, with nothing to justify extraordinary expenditures, the taxes of the people of Georgia are more than doubled, and the expense of the Legislative and Executive Departments of the State government are frightfully increased.

The State debt, which, after the repudiation of the war debt, was little more than nominal, threatens soon to become a startling sum; while the entire property and labor of the State is being pledged for the extinguishment of a public burden, created by incompetent and morally imbecile officials, who, for personal ends, are ready to entail poverty upon a people whose interests it is their duty to guard and protect.

The State Railroad, which, under former administrations, was an unfailing source of large and constant revenue, though its gross receipts have greatly increased, is almost ceased to contribute to the State treasury. The road, meanwhile, suffers for want of necessary repairs, and is actually looked upon as unsafe and dangerous. This culpable neglect may create or strengthen an argument in favor of its sale. Such a disposition of this great public work, would be apt to benefit the agents or officials to whom the sale might be entrusted.

To enable me to enter the field, entirely untrammelled, as the uncompromising opponent of this systematized outrage and wrong, I have cast aside official position, and have determined to establish, in the city of Atlanta, "THE TRUE GEORGIAN," as the advocate of the rights and interests of the whole people of the State.

The "TRUE GEORGIAN" stands upon a firm basis, backed by all the capital necessary in connection with a just cause, to insure success. It will neither ask for, nor accept patronage from the present State government. It will expose and condemn, without fear or favor, all official corruption, and every act at war with the best interest of the State.

One great object of the Editor and Manager of "THE TRUE GEORGIAN," will be to unite, upon a common platform, the patriotic, the wise, and the good of all parties, races, classes, and denominations, for the deliverance of the State from the thraldom imposed by a corrupt administration; to rescue the treasury, and preserve the public credit.

For the accomplishment of these great purposes, I invoke for "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" an extensive circulation and liberal patronage, and respectfully invite the friendly sympathy and support of all who desire a just and economical administration of the State government.

Disregarding past differences, let all good citizens meet on common ground; let them see to it, that the laws are faithfully and impartially executed, without regard to race or color, and unflinchingly rebuke official corruption, intolerance, lawlessness, and crime, of every character and description.

As no Presidential election is pending, and no great measure of National policy is now before the people, and regarding with solicitude the peculiar position of the State, its peace and prosperity imperilled by those whose duty it was to watch over and preserve them, I consider the present not a fit time to distract the popular mind with the discussion of National politics. When necessary, National affairs shall receive their proper share of attention.

In conclusion, I need only remark that as Universal Suffrage has been prescribed by the National Government, and accepted by the whole people of the South, Universal Amnesty should follow, as the wisest and best measure for the promotion of harmony, and the hearty reunion of all sections in one common brotherhood. "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" will earnestly advocate this great measure as one of justice, magnanimity, and wise statesmanship.

With this announcement of my motives and aims, I again embark in the profession of journalism, resolved to devote my best energies to the welfare and happiness of the people of Georgia and of the whole country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE

Daily, per annum	$10 00
" six months	5 00
" three months	2 50
" one month	1 00
Weekly, per annum	2 00
" six months	1 00

N. B.—WE SEND THIS PROSPECTUS TO our friends throughout the State and Country, with the hope that they will earnestly interest themselves in this important enterprise, which has for its object the good of all the people of Georgia; and that they will forward us a list of subscribers as soon after the receipt of this as possible.

The first number of "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" will be issued on or about the first of July, 1870. No effort will be spared to issue the paper at an earlier day if possible.

Our brethren of the Daily and Weekly Press throughout the country, will do us a great kindness by placing "THE TRUE GEORGIAN" upon their Exchange List, and forwarding their newspapers immediately.

All letters should be addressed to

SAMUEL BARD,
June8-d4t ATLANTA, GA.

MERCHANDISE TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

$5,000 TO $15,000 worth of New Goods in original packages. Dress Goods, Trimmings, etc., at New York prices and costs, for good renting property in Atlanta or Macon at Cash prices. Address

EXCHANGE BOX 124,
June8-dtf Atlanta P. O.

Carpets and Curtains.

OIL CLOTHS AND MATTINGS,

WINDOW SHADES AND CORNICES,

RUGS, MATS, ETC., ETC.

Closing out our immense Stock at a vast reduction in price.

S. S. KENDRICK & SON.
June8-dtf Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

TO CONTRACTORS.

PROPOSALS

FOR A

General Passenger Depot

AT

ATLANTA, GA.

THE Undersigned, in behalf of the various railroads centering in Atlanta, Ga., will receive Proposals, accompanied with plans and specifications, for

A FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER DEPOT,

to be 332 feet long, 120 feet wide. Ground plan to be arranged for Baggage Room, Ladies' and Gentlemens' Sitting Rooms, Ticket Offices, Restaurant, Express Office, with Wash Room, Water Closets, etc., in complete order. All of said rooms to be on one side of depot. Everything above the foundation to be furnished, and finished by contractors.

Plans for stone, brick or iron, will be considered. All plans and estimates to be submitted on or before June 20th, 1870, and building to be completed on or before October 20th, 1870.

FOSTER BLODGETT,
Supt. Western and Atlantic Railroad.

A. J. WHITE,
President Macon and Western Railroad.

E. W. COLE,
Gen. Supt. Georgia Railroad Banking Co.

L. P. GRANT,
Supt. Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Proposals should be directed to Foster Blodgett, Superintendent Western and Atlantic Railroad, Atlanta, Ga.

The following named papers will please publish one week, daily, and send bill to Superintendent Western and Atlantic Railroad, Atlanta, Ga: New York World; Press, Philadelphia; Courier-Journal, Louisville; American, Baltimore; Chronicle, Augusta. june8-d1w

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—P. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 30 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 50 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	8 17 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 P M
Arrives at Cartersville	8 17 P M
Leaves Cartersville	6 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 A M

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; E. M. FARRAR, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:30 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:55 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:25 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:00 A. M.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., May 12th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as fol ows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.15 A.M
Leave Atlanta	7.00 A.M
Ar

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:

J. W. BOYD, Greenville, Ga.
O. W. TRIMMIER, Ringgold, Ga.
J. B. ANDREA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STANSELL, Warrenton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
WARREN & KEMP, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BRAVERS, Campbellton, Ga.
JAS. T. LAMKIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
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THOMAS SHAW, Notasulga, Ala.
J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
REV. W. J. SCOTT, Acworth.

CHARMING JOSIE SMITH.

"In a little precious diamond
What a splendor meets the eyes!
In a little lump of sugar
How much of sweetness lies!
So, in a little woman,
Love grows and multiplies;
You recollect the proverb says—
"A word unto the wise."

"A pepper-corn is very small,
But seasons every dinner
More than all other condiments,
Although 'tis sprinkled thinner,
Just so a little woman is,
If love will let you win her,
There's not a joy in all the world
You would not find within her.

"And, as within the little rose,
You'll find the richest dyes,
And in a little grain of gold
Much price and value lies;
As from a little balsam
Much odor does arise,
So, in a little woman,
There's a taste of paradise.

"The skylight and the nightingale,
Though small and light of wing,
Yet while sweeter in the grove
Than all the birds that sing.
And so a little woman,
Though a very little thing,
Is sweeter than all other sweets,
Even flowers that bloom in spring!"

OLD ENGLAND.

I love the racy English of old times,
Before its Latin softness o'er it crept,
When mighty Scalds were valiant in their rhymes,
Nor tamely o'er the tinkling harp-strings swept.

As though the spirit of their fathers slept,
Or spoke in voweled whispers among limes,
Our native, rough-hewn words are less inept
Than stalwart speech flung off in silver chimes;
Our tongue should have a likeness to the land—
A smack of crag and torrent, tarn and glen—
In nouns and verbs that shepherds understand,
Meet for the use of hardy, fighting men,
Brief and sonorous, till we seem to stand
And hear brave Geoffrey Chaucer rhyme again.

City and Suburban Affairs.

CICERO EEDS, a printer, died in this city this morning, of consumption.

CAPTAIN RICHARDSON, of the firm of S. H. Richardson & Co., wholesale and commission merchants of St. Louis, is in our city, and will remain here for some time. We extend to him a cordial greeting, and hope his example will be imitated by other merchants of St. Louis.

Mr. Local: Will Hon. Walker Brock, as an honorable and conscientious man, please let the public know whether Johnson, so-called Representative from Spalding county, has received, or is to receive, any pay from the Western and Atlantic Railroad for any kind of service rendered, or said to be rendered the road from the time he was sworn in on the 10th of January last to date. SAMBO.

Rev. Dr. Brantly, of Atlanta, was married a few days since to Mrs. Walker, of Madison.—*Rome Courier.*

Mistake, Brother Grady. It was the beautiful and accomplished Mrs. Mattie Marston, who was once on a time Miss Walker.

Railroad Meeting in Polk County.

CEDARTOWN, June 6, 1870.

Editors Atlanta Constitution: The object of an "Air-Line" Railroad is too well known to railroad men to need comment. Much has been said about a road from Atlanta to Decatur, Alabama. Now, which is the nearest and cheapest route? I answer, Atlanta via Van Wert, Cedartown, Cave Spring, Georgia; Collinsville and Decatur, Alabama. As to that portion of the route from Atlanta to Van Wert, I am not so well informed personally, but have the opinion of railroad men who say it is best to build the road to Van Wert on account of Dugdown Mountain and the high ridges below it. This granted, I proceed to notice that part of it from Van Wert to Decatur, Alabama. By reference to a railroad map, it will be seen that it is a perfect air-line across the Dugdown Mountain via a gap in the next range of mountains, six miles south of Cave Spring, from Atlanta to Decatur, but as the road must vary from that line so as to avoid Dugdown Mountain and come to Van Wert, there will then be a perfect air-line from Van Wert to Decatur, via Cave Spring and Collinsville. By this route we will have a road connecting Atlanta and Decatur nearly one hundred miles shorter than the route by Chattanooga, and forty miles shorter than the contemplated route from Rome to Dalton. As we now have found the most direct route, let us examine its practicability. From the report of Major J. F. Cooper, who made a preliminary survey of the route from Atlanta to Van Wert, that portion of the route is entirely practicable, and from Van Wert by Cedartown and Cave Spring to Collinsville, the route is very favorable, and would be classed by engineers as very light grade, and from Collinsville to Decatur, we are informed by Colonel Pennington, in his report of the survey of the Memphis Branch Railroad from Rome to Decatur, that it is the only practicable route, for he was compelled to deviate from a direct line in order to get through at this point. Thus we see that this route is practicable. And should it be opened by a railroad, it will bring into market an immense quantity of the finest pine timber in the State, slate and iron ore in vast quantities, first quality lime in any amount, and also the produce from farming operations of some of the most productive and richest land in this country. This route will pass near the Round Mountain Iron Works. There is prevalent in this community an impression that the Georgia Railroad Company will build a road from Atlanta via Van Wert, Cross Plains to Gadsden, Alabama. I think this impression is erroneous, because this would make a very crooked road, and would be more expensive than the route by Cave Spring and Collinsville to Decatur.

In regard to the extension of the Cartersville and Van Wert Road to Gadsden, the best route is from Van Wert via Cedartown to the head-waters of Hurricane Creek, and thence to Gadsden. This route is shorter than the Terrapin Creek route via Cross Plains to Gadsden, and of lighter grade. And if it should prove to be impracticable to obtain the right of way down Hurricane Creek, on account of its partial occupation by the Selma, Rome and Dalton Road, then the next best route would be from Van Wert via Cedartown to the most northern branch of Terrapin Creek, known as the Camp Ground branch, thence down said creek to Cross Plains and to Gadsden.

From the foregoing facts, it fully appears that the route by Cedartown is the best and most practicable, either to the Atlanta and Decatur or the Cartersville and Van Wert extension to Gadsden roads.

G. W. FEATHERSTON.

CEDARTOWN, GA., June 6, 1870.

We, the undersigned committee appointed by a meeting of the citizens of Polk county, held on the 4th instant, do heartily concur in the foregoing statements.

STEPHEN A. BORDERS, Chairman,
WM. J. HOWARD,
A. HUNTINGTON,
J. S. STUBBS,
C. PHILPOT,
Committee.

☞ The official statistics of Bremen state that the value of the imports of Bremen in 1869, amounted to 103,313,577 thalers, and that of the exports to 34,918,519 thalers. Hence the value of the entire trade of the city was last year 138,231,096 thalers; in 1868 it was 188,102,198 thalers.

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

On and after March 21st, 1870,
Through Passenger Trains will Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--7:30 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST,

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West.

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

Baggage Checked Through

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent.
nov25-dtf

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
apr11-dtf

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE!

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who Have BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, bread, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in *roughness* of the skin, then in ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary apparatus. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from insane diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is a remedy of *Wonderful Efficacy* in the *cure* of diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder. In these Affections it is as near a specific as any remedy can be. It does its work kindly, silently, and surely. The Relief which it affords is both certain and perceptible.

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Persons unacquainted with the structure and functions of the Kidneys can not estimate the *importance* of their *healthy action.*

Regular and sufficient action of the Kidneys is as important, nay, even more so, than regularity of the bowels. The Kidneys remove from the Blood those effete matters which, if permitted to remain, would speedily destroy life. A total suspension of the urinary discharges will occasion death from thirty-six to forty-eight hours.

When the Urine is voided in small quantities at the time, or when there is a disposition to Urinate more frequently than natural, or when the Urine is high colored or scalding, with weakness in the small of the back, it should not be trifled with or delayed, but Koskoo should be taken at once to remedy the difficulty, before a lesion of the organs takes place. Most of the diseases of the Bladder originate from those of the Kidneys, the Urine being imperfectly secreted in the Kidneys, prove irritating to the Bladder and Urinary passages. When we recollect that medicine never reaches the Kidneys through the general circulation of the Blood, we see how necessary it is to keep the Fountain of Life Pure.

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Starting during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a secret quack remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
dawlm

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel,

The Cheapest and Best Meats in the Market.

Fulton Market Beef.
Extra Family Pig Pork.
Spiced Pig's Feet.
English Breakfast Bacon.
Pickled White Shad.
Venison, Bologna Sausage.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

A other Fresh Lot Just Received.

Choice Goshen Butter.
New York Dairy Cheese.
Call soon and get a good article at lowest prices.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

A Fresh Lot of Crackers:

Albert Biscuit,
Dessert Biscuit,
Lemon Snoppets,
Graham,
Boston,
Butter,
Ginger,
Pearl,
Oyster,
Cream,
Ginger Snaps,

All fresh and nice, and the best grades.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

CALL and examine my new crop Teas, just received from Cincinnati, over the Pacific Railroad. The best grades Gunpowder, Oolong Imperial, Young Hyson, English Breakfast and Japan Teas.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

FOR choice grades Coffee ask for Mocha, Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffee. Nobody sells lower or better Coffee

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

THE FINEST WINES:

SHERRY, Port, Claret, Blackberry, Scotch and English Ale, Fine Brandy, Choice Old Whiskies.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

Canned Goods in Great Variety.

OYSTERS, Salmon, Clams, Pickles, Jellies, Sauces, Spices, etc., etc.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

CRUSHED SUGAR, Granulated Sugar, A, B, Extra C, Yellow, and Cut Loaf Sugars.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

PRICES REASONABLE.

NO trouble to show goods. Good weights; best goods. Goods delivered anywhere in the city, free of charge. Leave your orders and satisfaction guaranteed. may15—

COTTON GINS REPAIRED!

—BY—

P. C. SAWYER,

AT DIXIE WORKS,

MACON, - - GEORGIA

COTTON GINS made as good as new, at from one-third to one-half the cost of a new Gin, and made equal to the best Gins manufactured in the United States.

Large Gins reduced to any required size.

None but the best and most experienced workmen, from the shop of the late Sam'l Griswold are employed, and all work guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. I keep a large supply of the different kinds of Ribs used by the several Gin-makers

Refer to hundreds of planters in the counties of Wilkinson, Laurens, Twiggs, Pulaski, Houston, Bibb, Crawford, Monroe and Upson, among whom are the following: Wilkinson, M. J. Carswell; Laurens, Joel Covey; Pulaski, James Bohannon, M. F. Grace; Houston, C. N. Rountree, Rev. B. F. Tharp; Bibb, Pulaski Holt; Monroe, James Tripp; Upson, Rev. James Lyon; Crawford, David McGee, and to Hardeman & Sparks, of Macon.

Send in your Gins early, in order to give me time to fit them up right. P. C. SAWYER,
mar31-dawlm Dixie Works, Macon, Ga.

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb8-dly Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

EVERY DAY.

HAVING completed my visits to the country precincts, I will be at the Sheriff's Office, in the City Hall, every day (Sundays' excepted) for the next two weeks. Every one required by law to make a return of taxable property in the county of Fulton, should come forward in that time, if they wish to save trouble and expense.

SAMUEL GRUBB,
June7-d3t R. T. E., Fulton county

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
dawlm

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE Mayor and Council at the regular meeting on Friday night last, having decided that persons are not entitled to two feet of the side walk for the exhibition of their goods, etc., all persons interested will take notice that under the instruction of the Council, I shall endeavor to see that the Ordinance prohibiting the placing of Counters, Goods, etc., on the side walks is rigidly enforced. June 6, 1870. G. W. ANDERSON,
June6-d1w City Marshal.

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY

—AT—

Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of

LEBANON, KENTUCKY,

We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at

THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF

CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,

WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL

AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY!

may13-d3m

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta. LOUIS GHOLSTIN Atlanta.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

50 casks Canvassed Hams,
20 casks Bacon Shoulders,
75 casks Dry Salted Shoulders,
10 casks Dry Salted Jowls,
20 casks Clear Rib Sides,
Tennessee Bacon—assorted,
1,000 bushels Oats,
50 barrels Whisky—Corn,
10 barrels Whisky—Pure Rye,
25 barrels Pure Virginia Apple Brandy,
10 bales Cotton Yarns,
1,000 bags Corn,
1,000 bales Timothy Hay,
500 barrels Western Flour—assorted.

AGENTS FOR ROME MILLS FLOUR,

Of which we are daily receiving large quantities, fresh ground, in 24, 49 and 98 pound sacks.

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF LIME,

HOWARD KILNS AND "CHICKAMAUGA BIRD-EYE," received, fresh, every day, in good packages.

EARLY IRISH POTATOES,

Received daily, from Charleston, South Carolina.

We are offering the above at Low Figures.

A VALUABLE LOT, WITH COTTAGE AND OUTHOUSES,

On Peters Street, FOR SALE ON FAVORABLE TERMS.

June2-d15d STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

J. Woodson Burton, | Jno. W. Stockton.
Late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,
HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.
Centrally located.

feb13—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 377 and 383 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who comes under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions. Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that you are not allowed to put the boxes, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass round and expect them.

apr30-dtf G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The Great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. June30-d1ly

Valuable Real Estate,

AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bowdry, deceased, a summer residence. Any amount of Wood. Land can be purchased, conveniently.

Apply to E. A. GOWER,
At Cartersville,
Or, R. V. COBB,
Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr19-dtf

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

-- DEALERS IN --

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Jan8-dtm

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

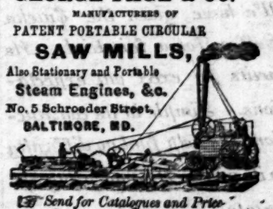
SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.



☞ Send for Catalogues and Price

1mdly

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopeia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WIKEMAN & CO.
Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals,
jan28-dly Charleston, S. C.

ROBERT WOOD & CO.,

Philadelphia Ornamental

IRON WORKS,

GARDEN AND CEMETERY ADORNMENTS,

CAST, WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE RAILINGS,

FOUNTAINS, VASES, VERANDAS,

Settees, Arbors, Chairs, Summer Houses,

IRON STAIRS,

Spiral and straight, in every variety of pattern. New and improved styles of Hay Racks, Mangers, Stable Fixtures, Stall Divisions, etc.

PATENT WIRE WORK,

Railings, Store Fronts, Door and Window Guards, Farm Fencing, etc.

BRONZE WORK.

Having fitted up our Foundry with special reference to the above class of work, we are now prepared to fill with promptness all orders for Bronze Castings of Statuary, colossal, heroic and life-size.

ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.

The largest assortment to be found in the United States, all of which are executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all the requisites of beauty and substantial construction.

Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully boxed and shipped to the place of destination.

Designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection.

apr 5-dtm

1870. SPRING STOCK. 1870.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

76 Whitehall Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

Yankee Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Straw Goods.

KEEP constantly on hand a large assortment in every department selected with great care, and bought at the lowest prices from Importers and Manufacturers, and which we are offering to the Trade at prices to correspond with the late decline in Gold.

Our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is up-stairs, and entirely separate from our Retail Departments, and we are prepared to offer great inducements to COUNTRY MERCHANTS, who are respectfully invited to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We are Agents for the Princeton Factory, Athens, Ga., and sell at Factory Prices. Their PREMIUM COTTON YARNS, first Premium awarded, State Fair, 1869; also, their celebrated Army shirtings, Plaid Osnaburgs and Stripes.

Also, sole Agents for Brown & Woolfe's PREMIUM HOME-MADE SHOP. These Goods were awarded the highest Premiums at the State Fair, 1869, and the Silver Medal. Samples are here on exhibition.

apr24-d3m

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

sep30-dtf

MANUALS OF THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS ten cents each, sent by mail:

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS 116 pages.
OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, 24 pages.
Magic Lanterns and Stereopticans, 32 pages.
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS, 64 pages.

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
924 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

may14-d3m

COAL!

OUR experience for the last four winters teaches us that the demand for Coal in the winter time is greater, (and will continue greater,) than the facility for transportation; therefore, we think it to the interest of consumers to lay in their supply this summer, as it saves trouble and high prices. We will deliver on the car, by the car load, SEWANEE COAL, at the following prices:

Lump Coal ..... 25 cents per bushel
Run of Mines ..... 22½ " "
Fine ..... 20 " "

Orders left at Atlanta Ice House will be promptly filled. PELHAM & CO.

may17 d3m

Picture Frame Manufacturer.

JAMES SANDERS,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Oval and Square

PICTURE FRAMES

Pictures and Moldings,

LOOKING GLASSES,

—AND—

Looking Glass Plates.

CONSTANTLY on hand a full assortment of Oval Frames and Looking Glasses, suitable for Retail Trade. Merchants visiting the city will please give us a call, as we are offering extra inducements in this line of goods.

☞ Particular attention given to Framing. 24 Whitehall Street. Atlanta, Ga.

apr22-d3m

NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE appointed by the Legislature to investigate the State Road, as to its present condition, management, etc. of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, are now holding daily sessions from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 1 o'clock, P. M., at the office building of said road, where the Committee can be found by parties, or their Counsel having business with the same.

Persons willing to do so are requested to publish this notice. WALKER BROCK,
Chairman Committee.

Atlanta, Ga., May 18, 1870—d1f

C. Edw. COPELAND,

(Successor of Hampton & Copeland,)

WOOD & MANN,

Portable and Stationary

STEAM ENGINES,

Iron and Wood Working

MACHINERY,

No. 42 Cortlandt Street.

P. O. Box 2917. NEW YORK.

☞ Send for Reduced Price List.

may19-d3m

RAILROAD HOTEL,

AT STONE MOUNTAIN,

W. C. HUMPHREYS, PROPRIETOR,

IS prepared to feed passengers on the Railroad, and the public generally, in good style. No pains will be spared to have the tables well furnished with the best the country can afford, fixed up to suit the taste of the most fastidious. Being very close to the depot, it gives the passengers ample time to eat and not be hurried. june6dlm

CHARTER OAK STOVES

LANGFORD & McCRATH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

PUMPS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON,

Tinners' Findings, Stoves, Lamps, Hollow-Ware, Marbelized Slate Mantels at Factory Prices. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.

KEY STONE BLOCK,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

☞ Agents for the celebrated "Charter Oak Stoves." feb13-d1ly

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

Will not corrode the iron, should the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,

No. 265, Broadway, N. Y.,
No. 721, Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

feb14-d6m

Dr. W. G. DRAKE,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity in the various branches of his Profession.

The Doctor has for more than ten years devoted the greater portion of his time to the study and treating of those diseases peculiar to females.

References—Dr. J. S. Patterson and Col. W. H. Green, Atlanta.

Office—Grazile Block.

Office hours from 8 to 9 o'clock A. M., and from 5 to 6 o'clock, P. M.

Consulting room private.

Residence near the corner of Baker and Peach tree streets.

apr26— jan19-d1y

Bottoms Horse Power,

UNIVERSAL Fan Mills; Emery's Threshers and Cleaners; Emery's Railway and Lever Powers; Excelsior and Buckeye Mowers and Reapers.

GRANT'S PAT. GRAIN CRADLES,

Armstrong's Hunters and Time Catchers. The Arctic Refrigerators, Borgo Machinery and Evaporators, Cider Presses, Wine Mills, Churns, Washing Machines, Horse Rakes, Dry Houses, etc.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Dealer in Grocers, Seeds, and Agricultural Implements,
Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

June9-d1f

N. P. TUTWILER,

Contractor and House Builder

IS prepared to do any kind of Building in the best style. He did a large business in Louisville, and refers to the present merchants, who visited Atlanta, on the Green Line Excursion: John J. Baxter, Mayor of Louisville, Dr. S. F. Kelley, Jos. C. Clement, City Magistrate, Phillip Leizer, City Hotel, Ex-Mayor Kaye, S. A. Robinson, Wholesale Drug'ist, Callahan & Co., Gregory, Dow Brooks & Co., Provision Merchants, J. S. Lillard & Co., Brass Castings, etc.

He has done work for the following gentlemen in Atlanta, to whom he refers for references as to his skill and promptness and integrity: Gen. W. Addy, and Col. I. W. Avery. may25-d1m

JOHN I. HALL. | JOS. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER.

Hall, Cotten & Weaver,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Offices in Atlanta and Thomaston, Ga.

WILL practice in the counties of Fulton, Cobb, Campbell and DeKalb. Captain J. A. Cotten will give his attention to business in the above counties, and will be found in all times in the office in Atlanta. Will also practice in the counties of Upson, Pike, Crawford, Taylor, Talbot and Marion county, in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia. Messrs. Hall & Weaver will give attention to business in the above counties, and will remain in the office in Thomaston, Ga. dec21-d3m